

Superconducting weak links created by electromigration

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LABORATORY OF PHYSICS OF
NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS

Collaborators

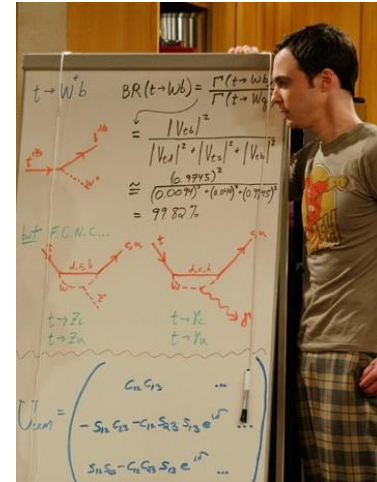
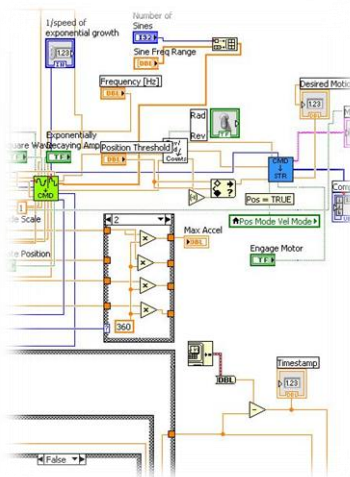
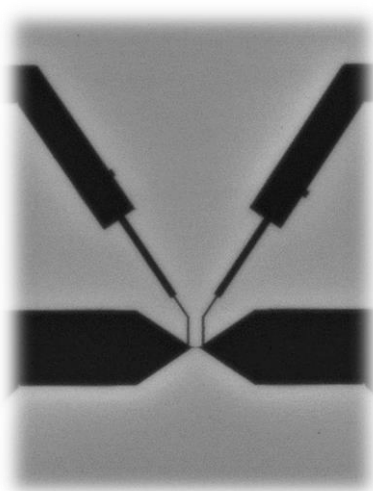
X. D.A. Baumans, J. Lombardo, J. Brisbois, G. Shaw, S. Blanco Alvarez (ULg)

V. S. Zharinov, J. E. Scheerder, V. V. Moshchalkov, J. Van de Vondel (KULeuven)

R.B.G. Kramer (Univ. Grenoble Alpes, Institut NEEL, Grenoble)

D. Massarotti, F. Tafuri (U. Federico II and CNR-SPIN, Naples)

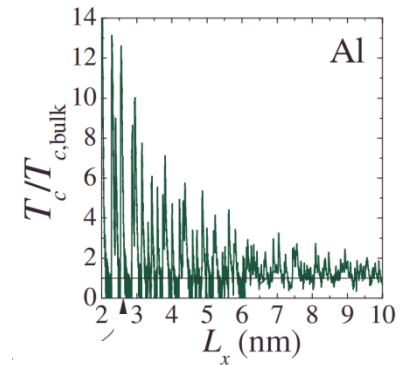
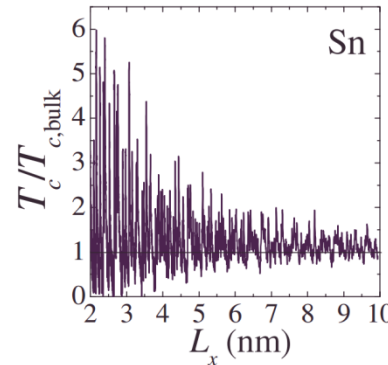
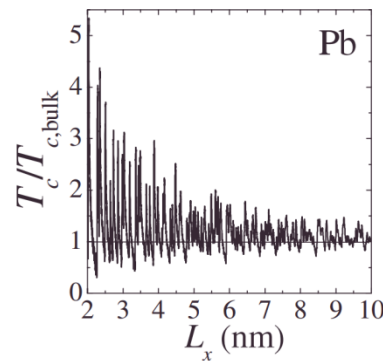
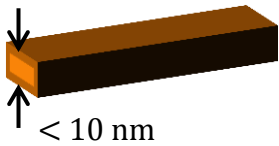
Ge He, Heshan S. Yu, Jie Yuan, Beiyi Zhu, Kui Jin (IOP-CAS, Beijing)



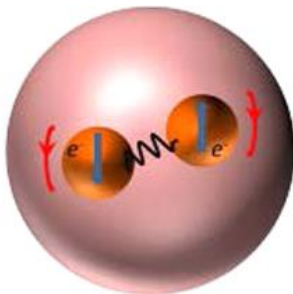
Context and Motivation



Promising future for nanoscale superconductors ...



[1]



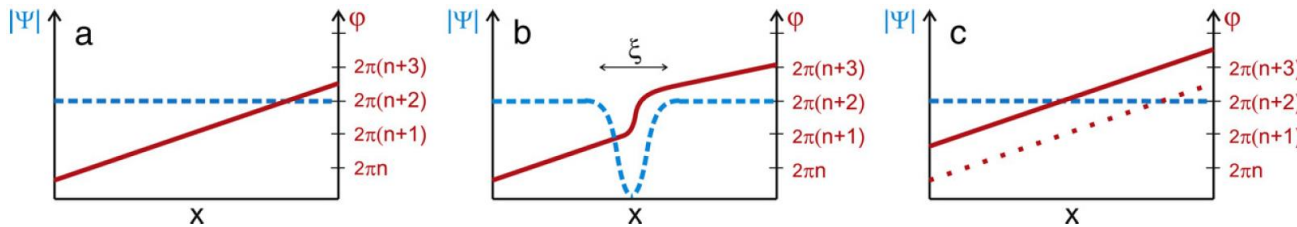
High temperature superconducting state with $T_C \gtrsim 100 \text{ K}$ in Al nanoclusters [2]

Context and Motivation



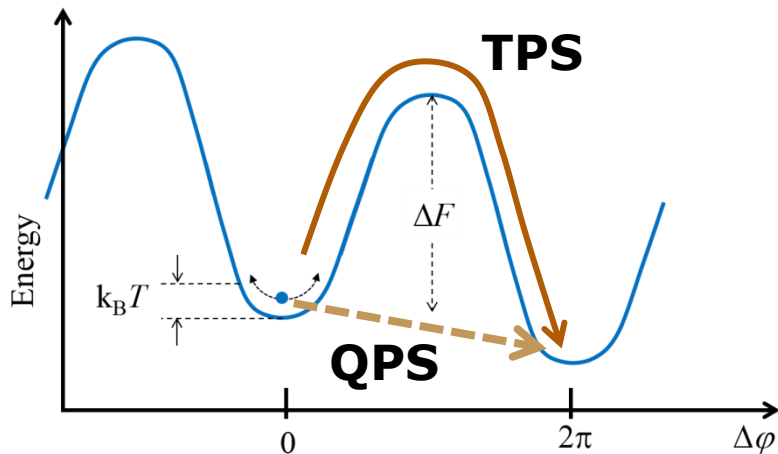
Threaten by fluctuations ...

$$\psi = |\psi| e^{i\varphi}$$



$$I_{sc} \approx |\psi|^2 \nabla \varphi$$

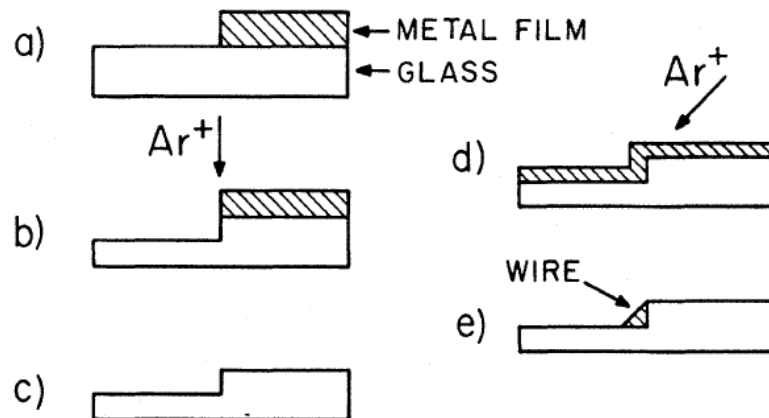
$$V = \frac{\hbar \dot{\varphi}}{2e}$$



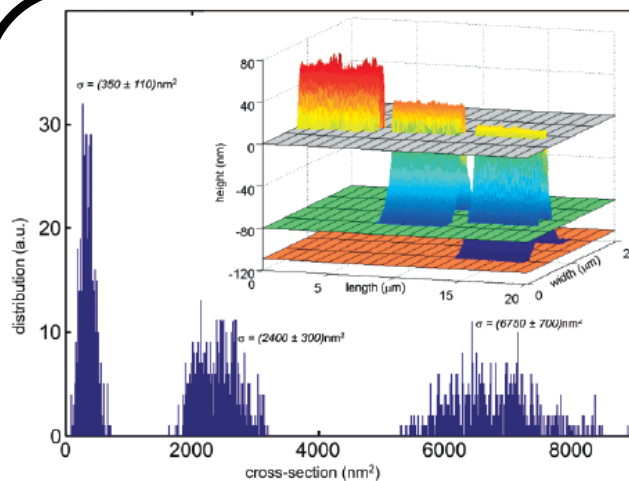
$$\Delta F \approx H_c^2 \xi \sigma - \Phi_0 J \sigma$$

$$R(T) \propto \exp(-\Delta F / T)$$

Evidence of TPS to QPS transition requires going beyond EBL resolution...

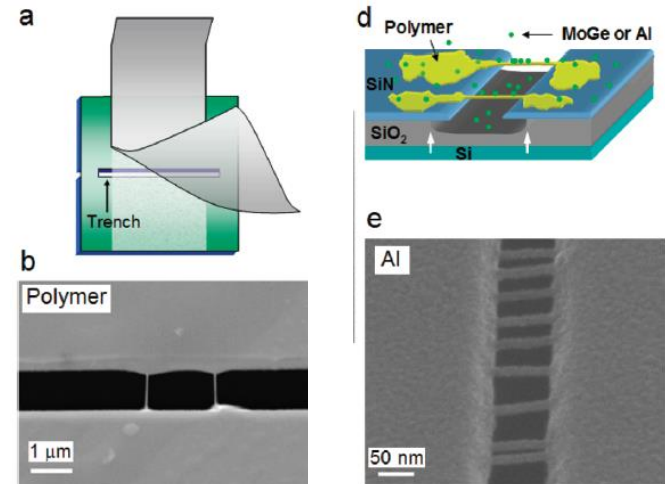


Giordano *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **43**, (1979)



Ar⁺ ion sputtering for progressive reduction of an Al nanowire effective cross section down to few nm

Zgirski *et al.*, Nanoletters **5**, 1029 (2005)



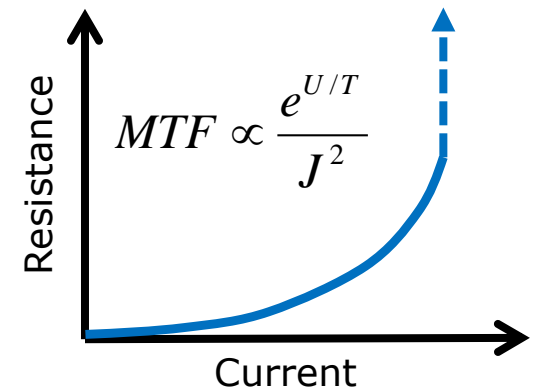
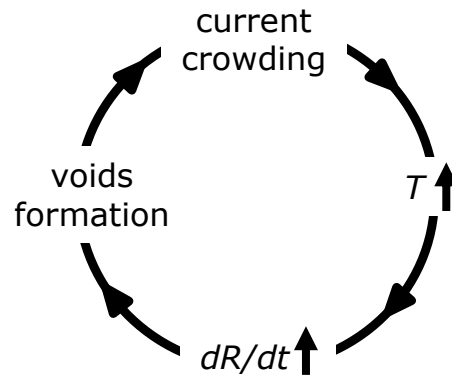
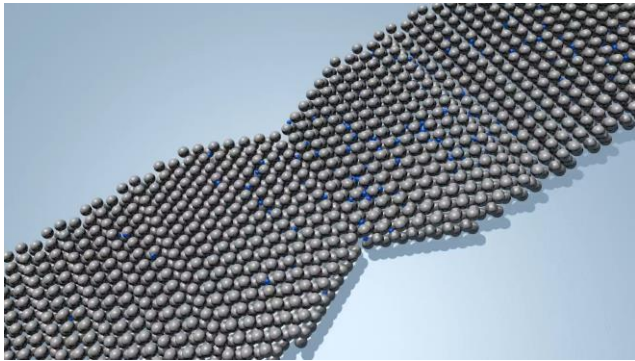
Tape peel-off technique
Al and MoGe

$w=20 \text{ nm}$ and $L > 80 \text{ nm}$

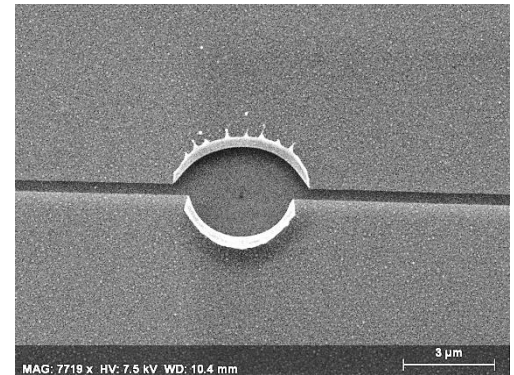
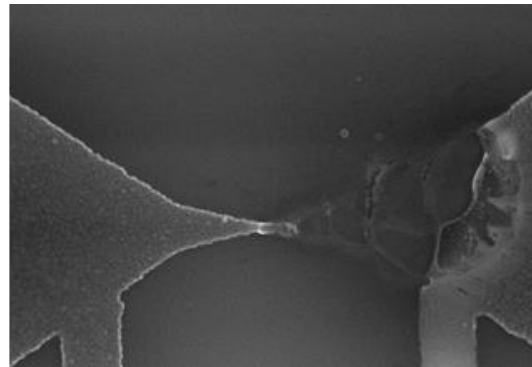
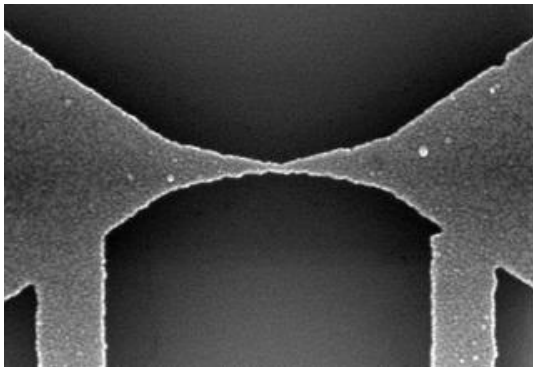
Bae *et al.*,
Nanoletters **9**, 1889 (2009)

DNA, CNT, etc.

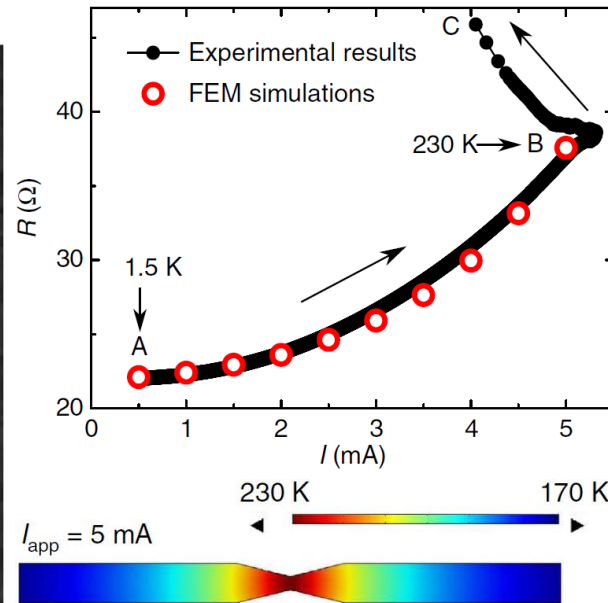
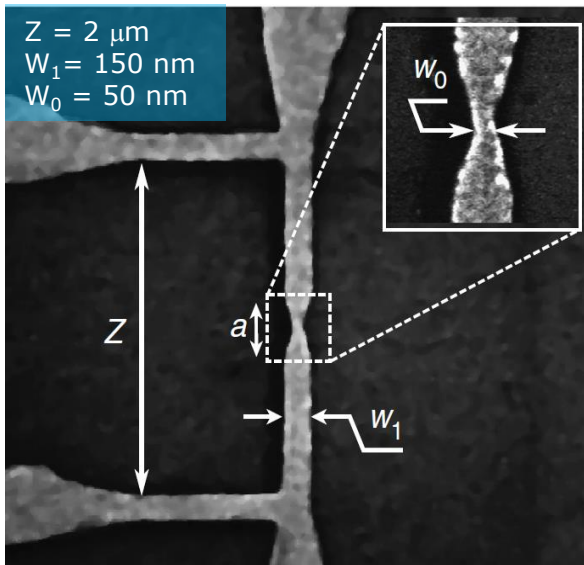
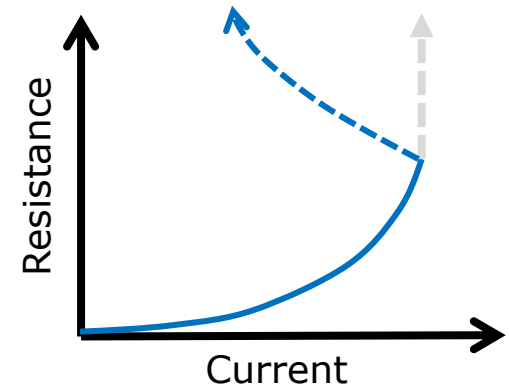
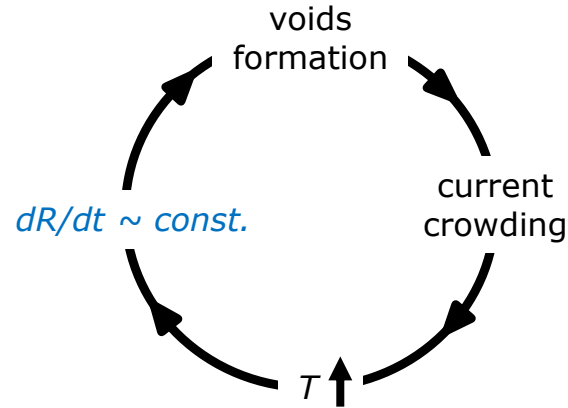
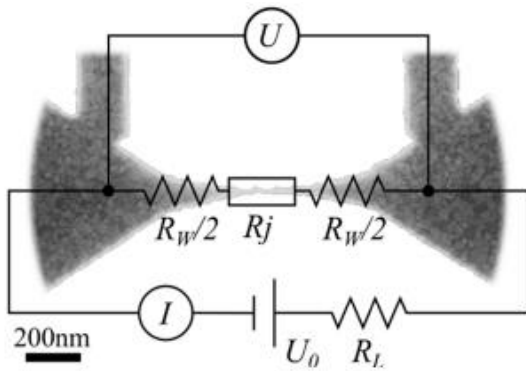
An alternative technique: electromigration



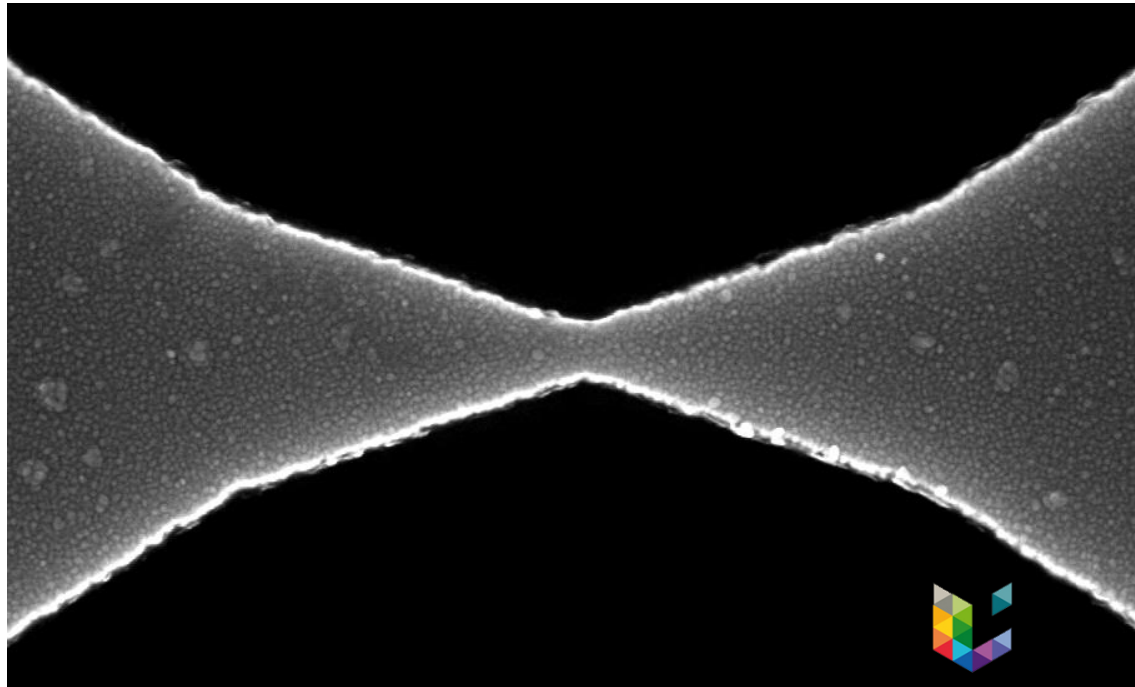
Uncontrolled electromigration



Controlled electromigration in Al

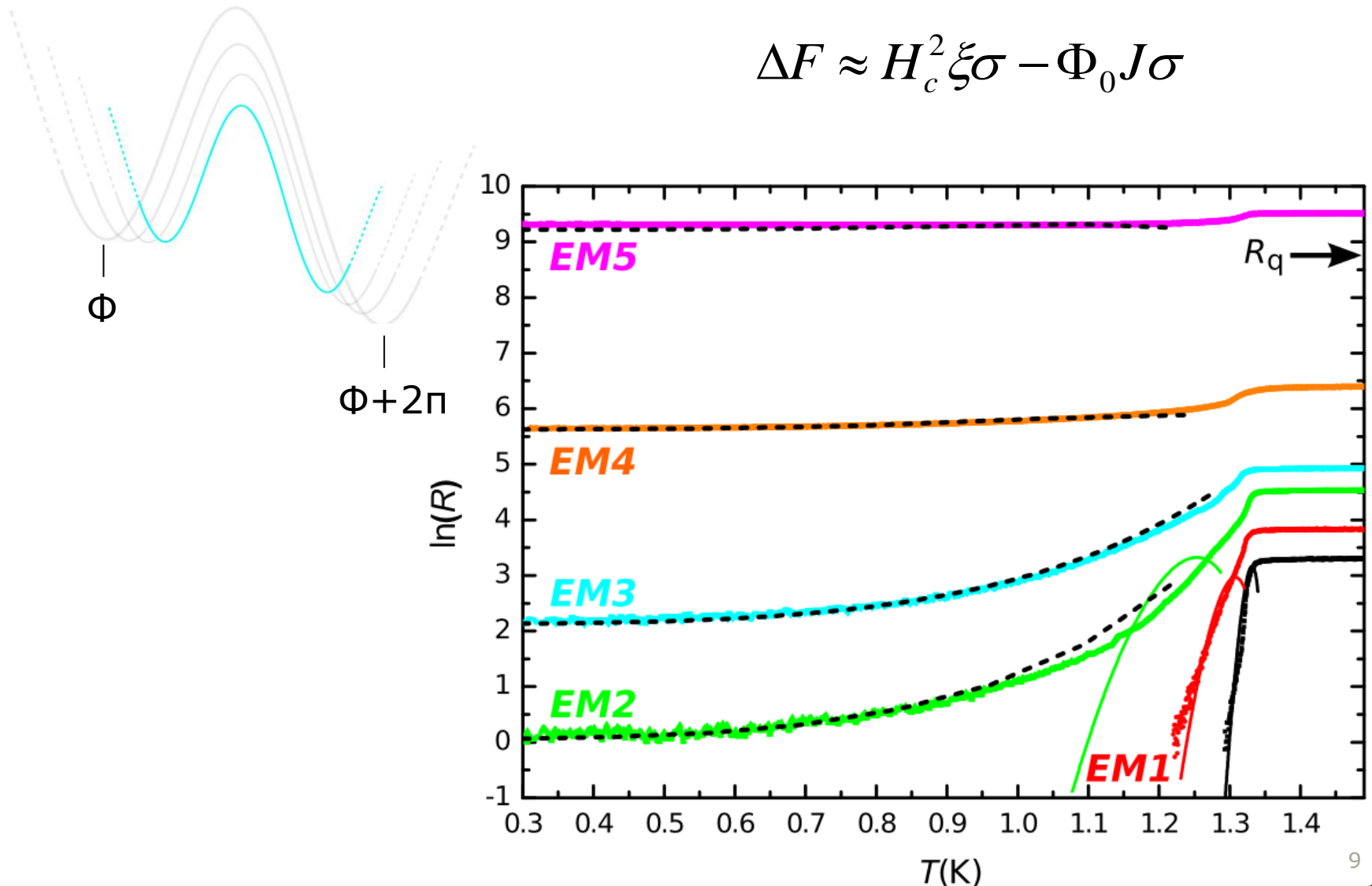


In-situ visualization of the electromigration process

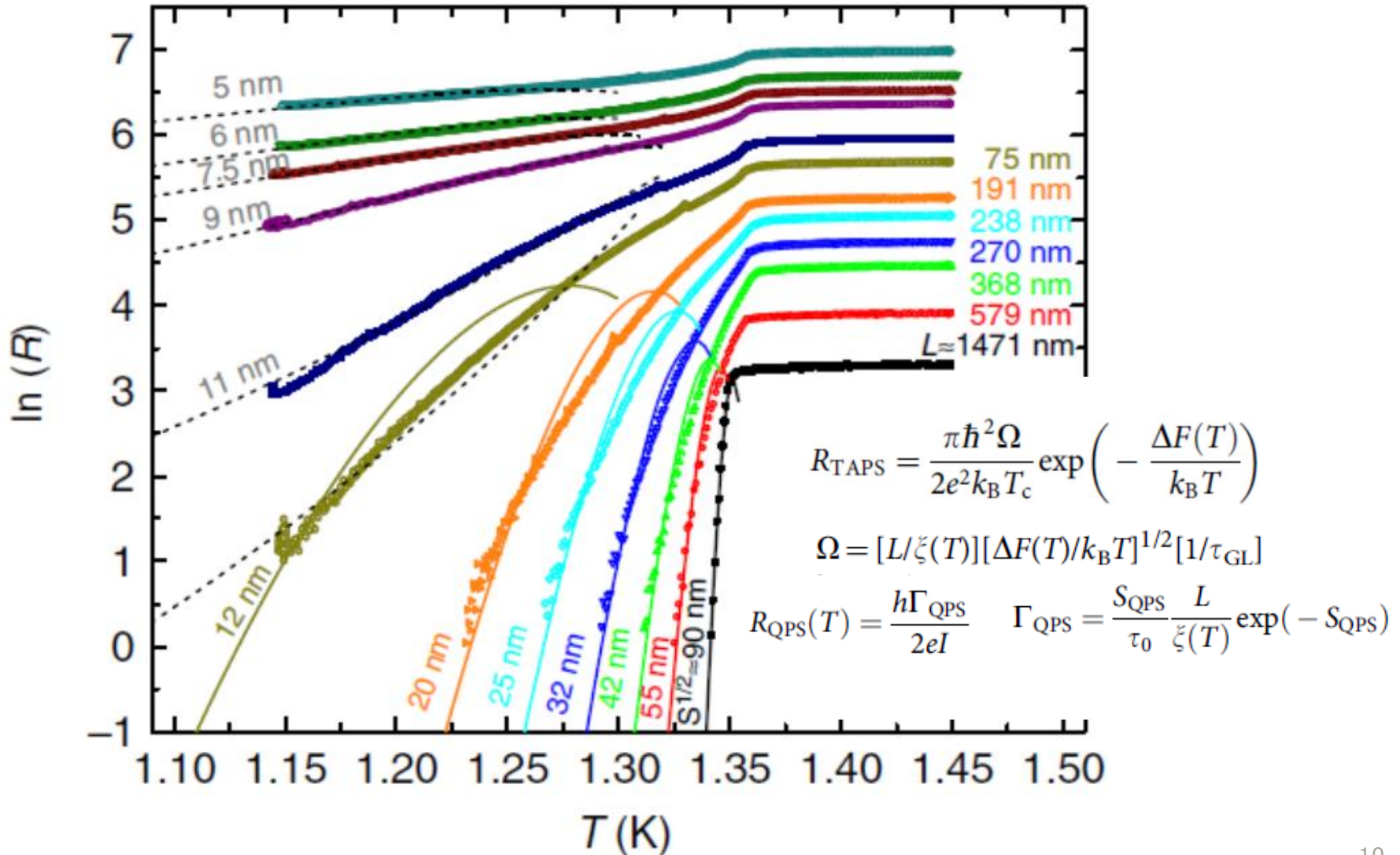


$R(T)$ evidence the TPS to QPS transition

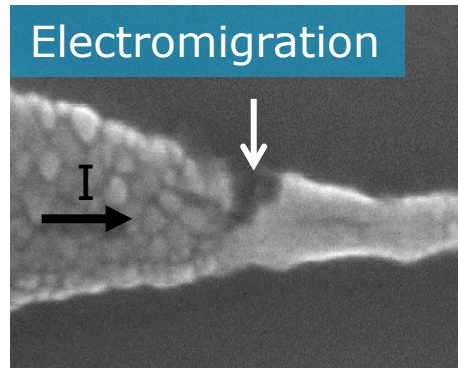
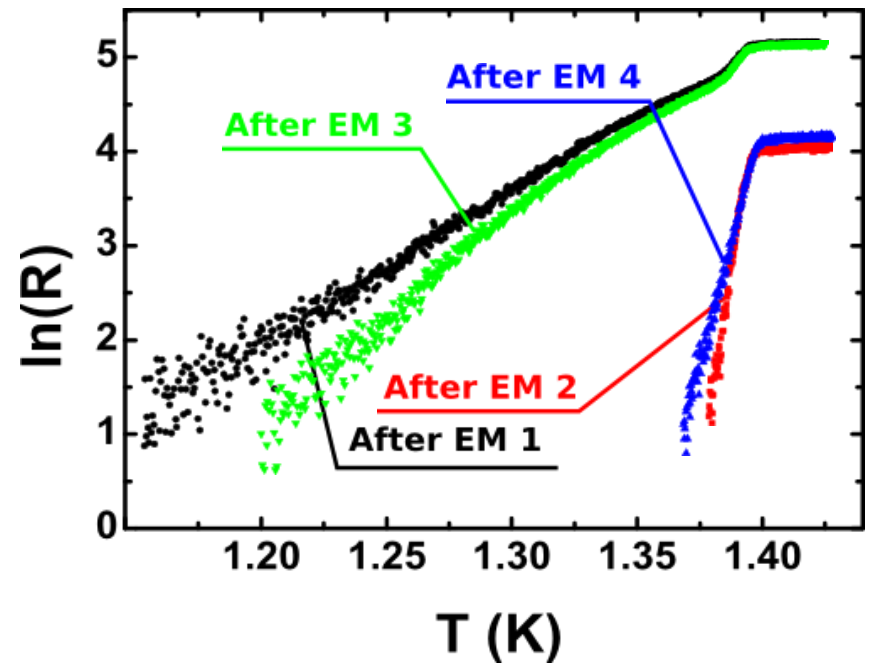
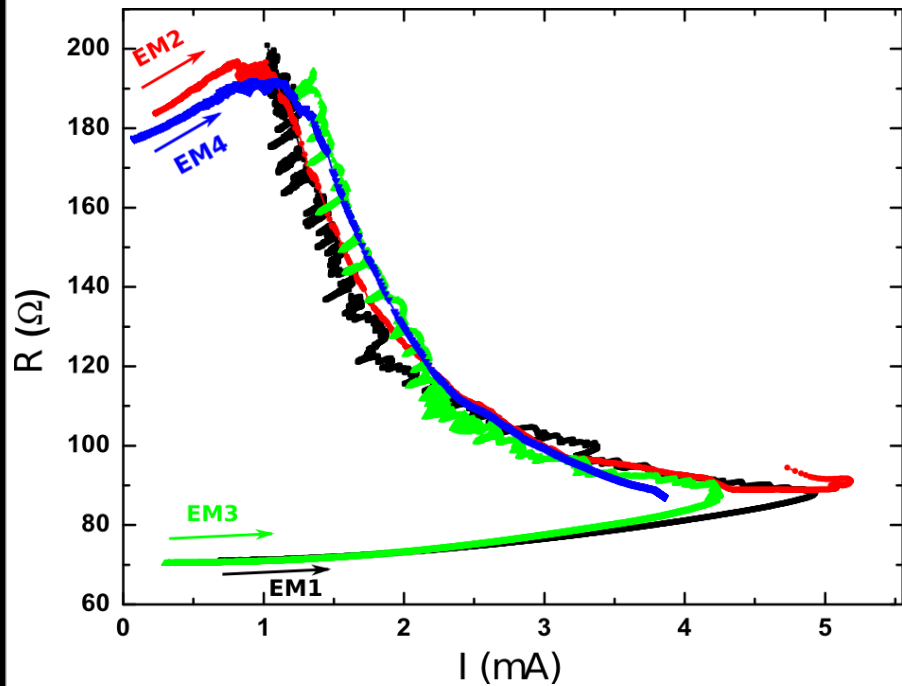
$$\Delta F \approx H_c^2 \xi \sigma - \Phi_0 J \sigma$$



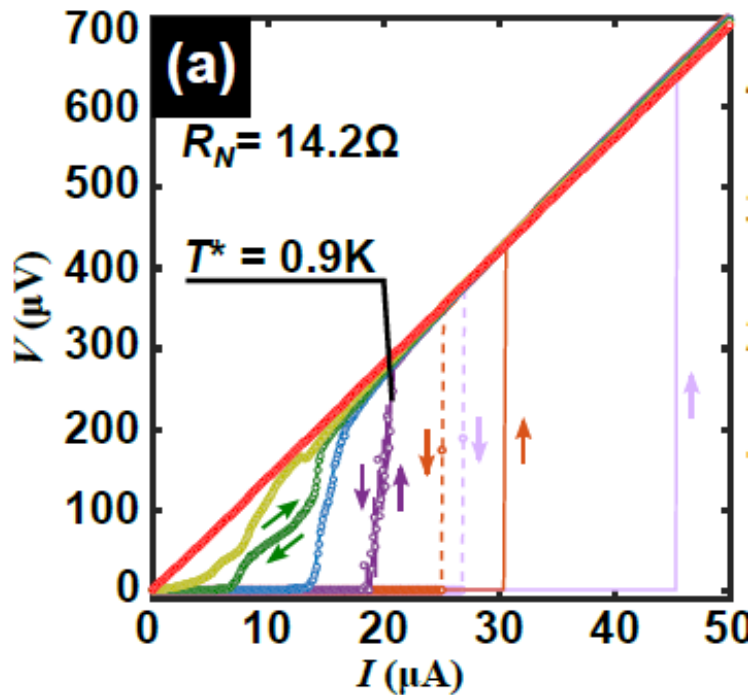
$R(T)$ evidence the TPS to QPS transition



Healing via anti-electromigration



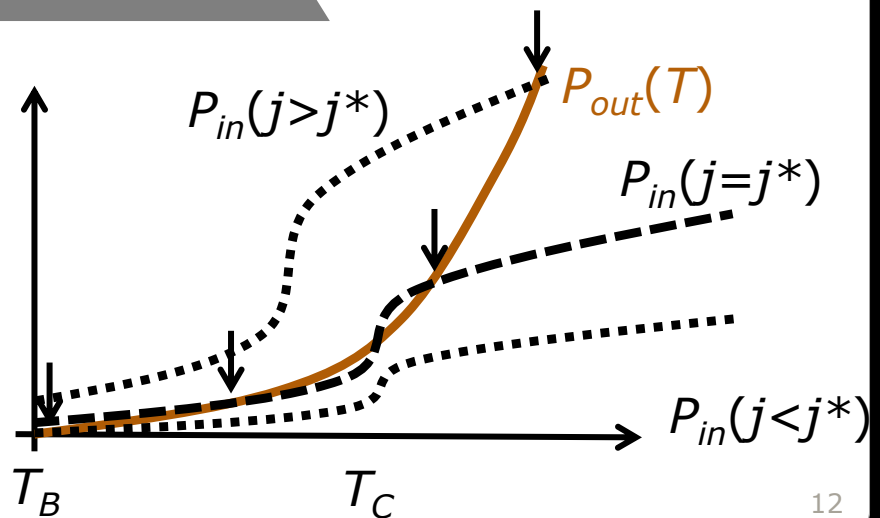
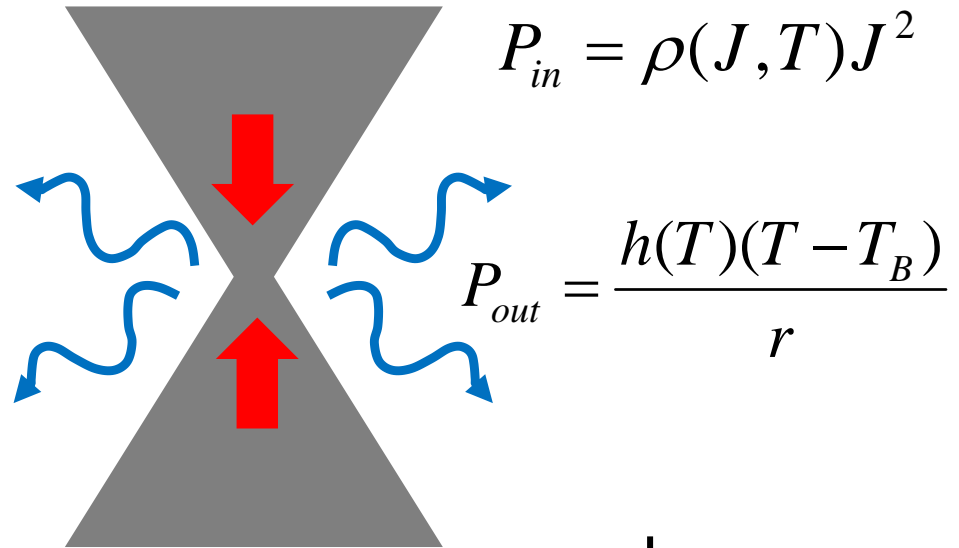
Voltage-current characteristics



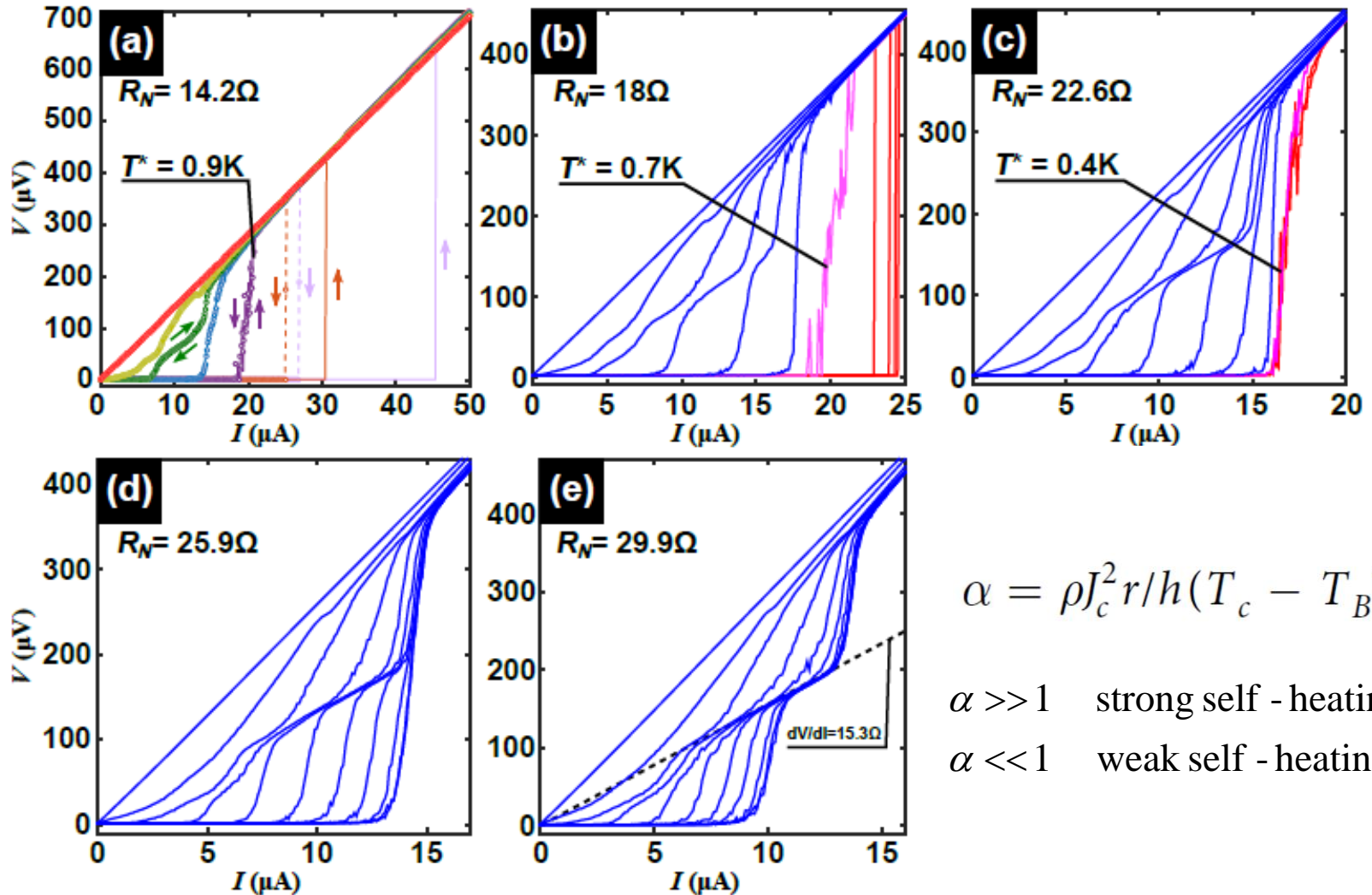
smooth abrupt

noisy

$$\alpha = \rho J_c^2 r / h(T_c - T_B)$$



Evidence of two thermal regimes

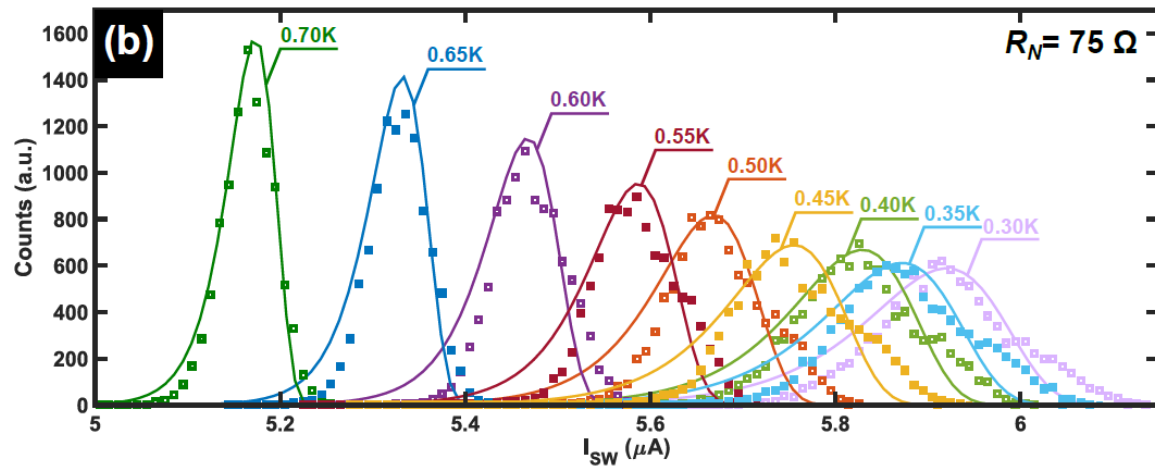
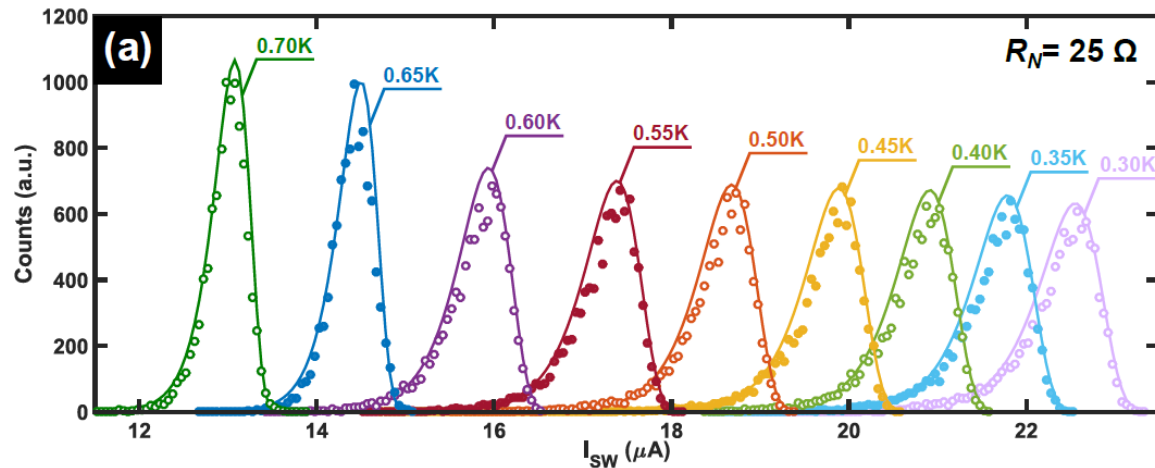


$$\alpha = \rho J_c^2 r / h (T_c - T_B)$$

$\alpha \gg 1$ strong self-heating

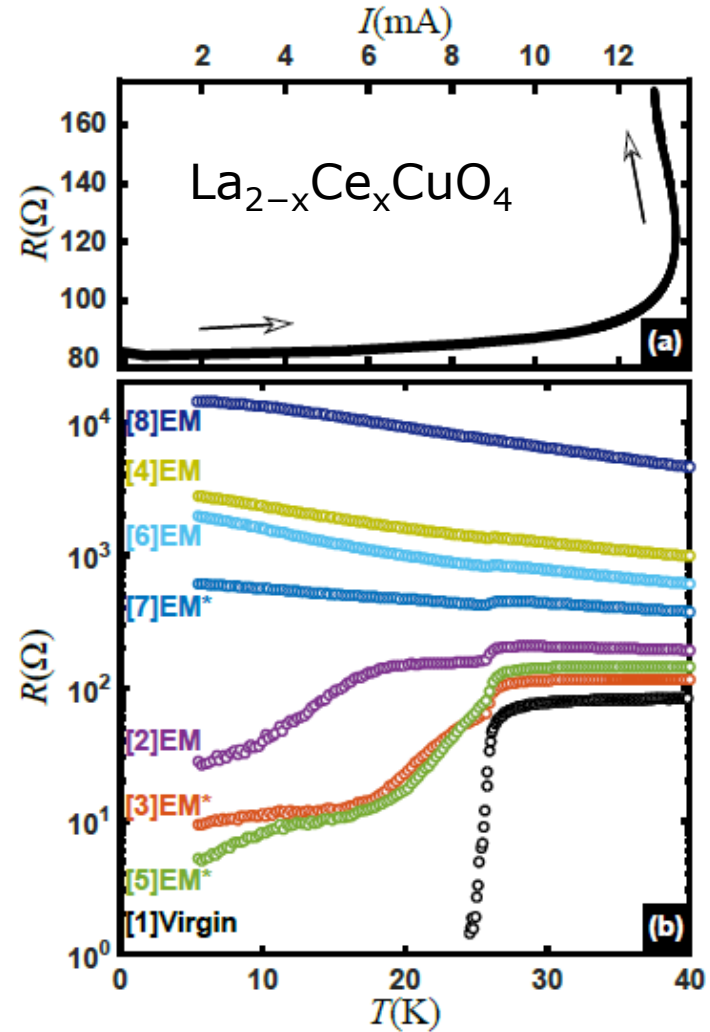
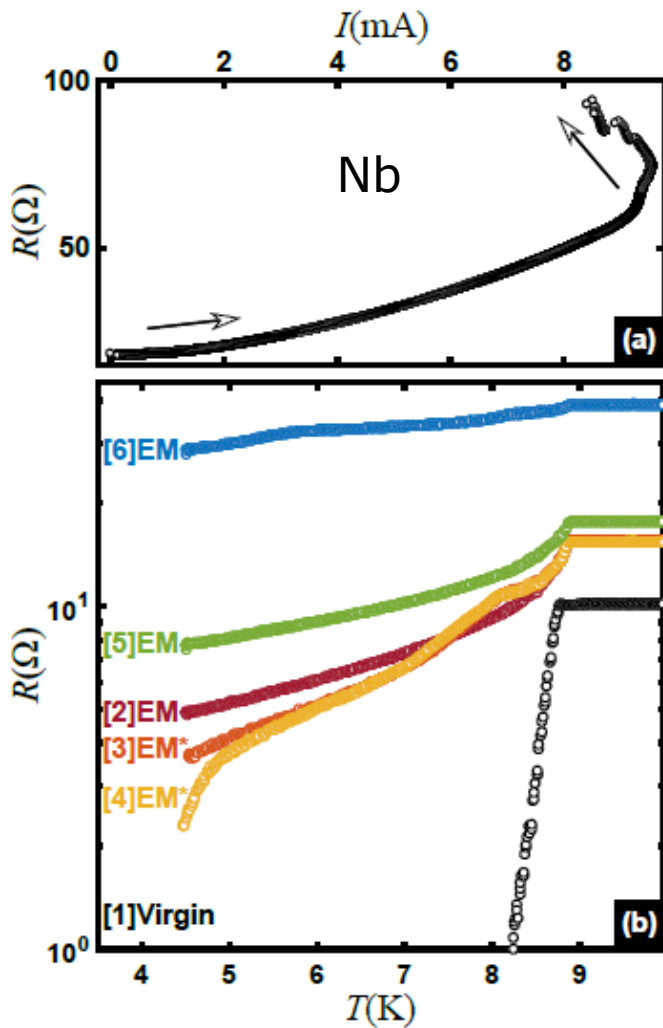
$\alpha \ll 1$ weak self-heating

Statistics of the switching current

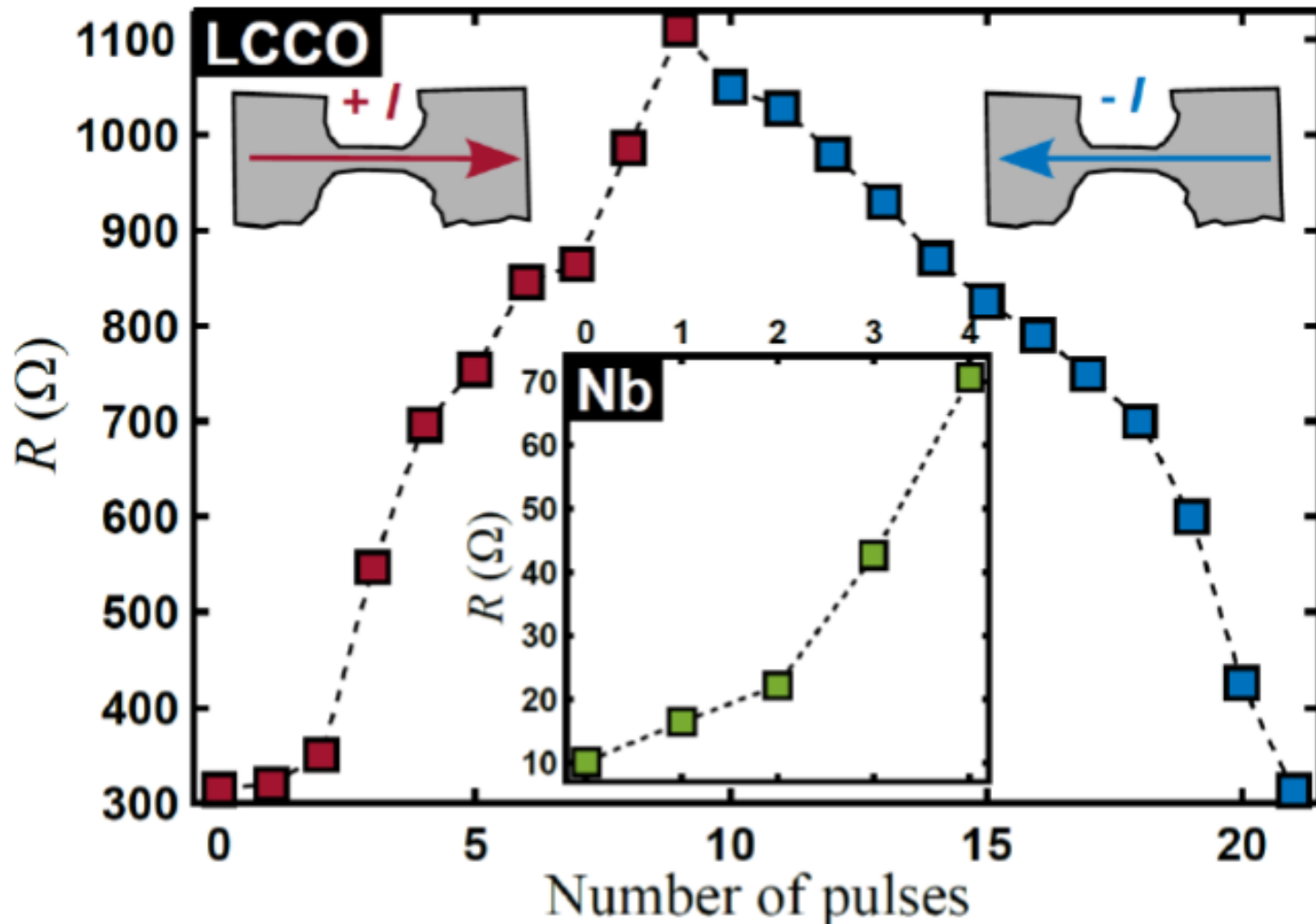


$T \downarrow$ $I_{SW} \uparrow$ $K \downarrow$ $C \downarrow$

Does it work in other superconductors?



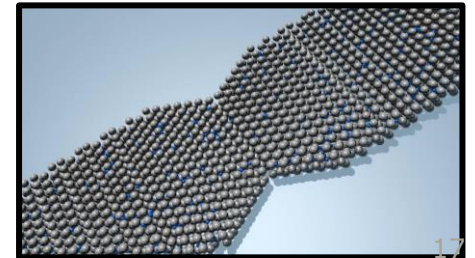
Is there a way to avoid the feedback control?



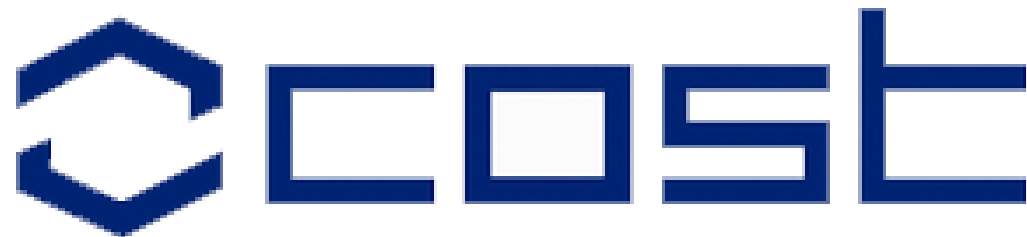
Conclusion

- Electromigration is a promising method for carving Al superconducting nanostructures beyond EBL resolution
- $R(T)$ show some hints of the transition from TPS to QPS
- Evidence of two thermal regimes
- Statistics of switching current provides evidence that multiple TPS participate in the switching to the normal state
- Reversible change of oxygen doping in high temperature superconductors without the need to fabricate different samples
- Superconductor-semiconductor-like transition induced by electromigration

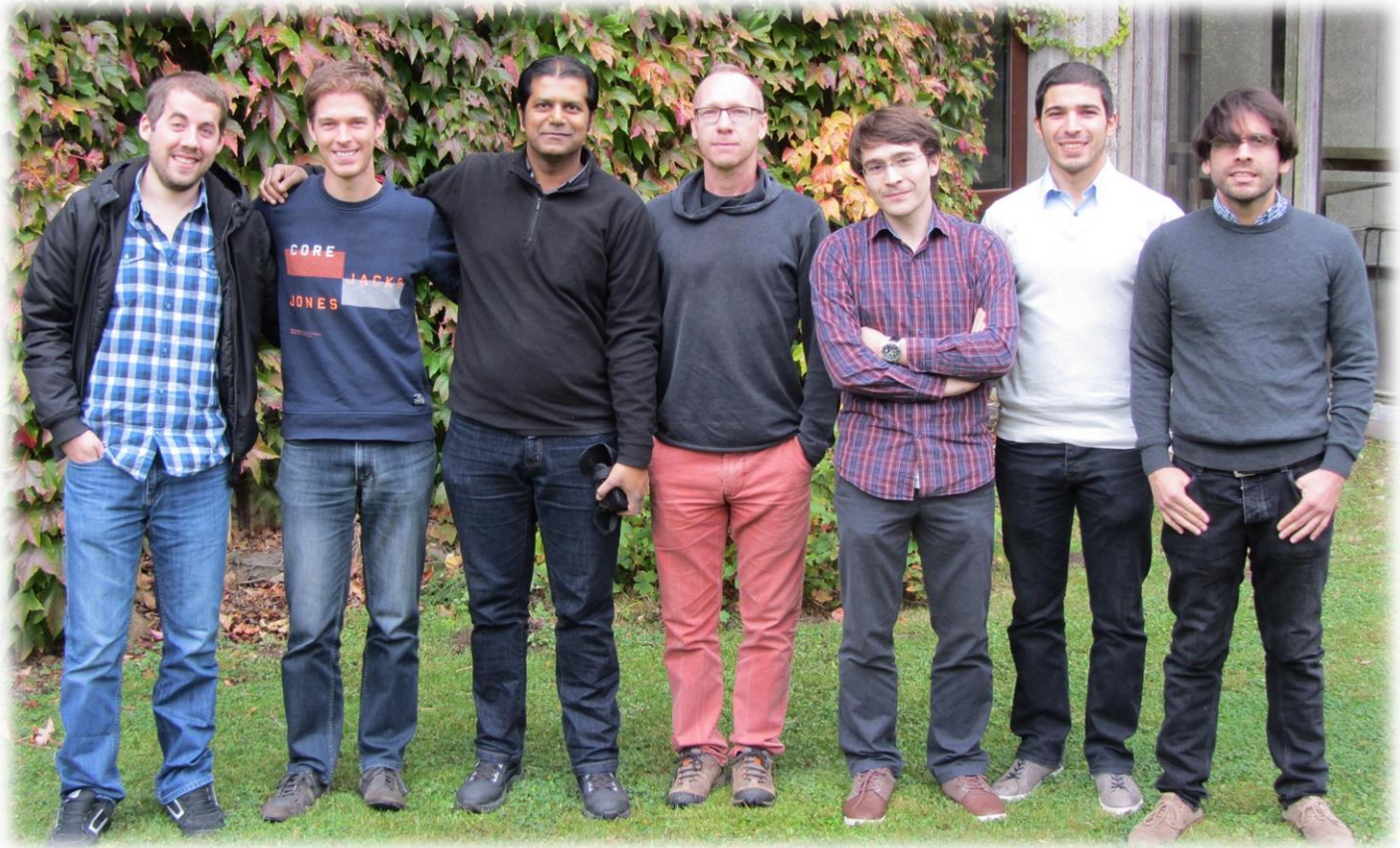
Interested? Try it yourself!
We offer you a starter kit



Acknowledgements



Physics of nanostructured materials



<http://www.mate.ulg.ac.be/>