

Towards Resilient Ecosystems: Restoring the Urban, the Rural and the Wild

Tools for planning – O35.1

Anthropogenic landscape change: synthesis of the concepts and quantification methods

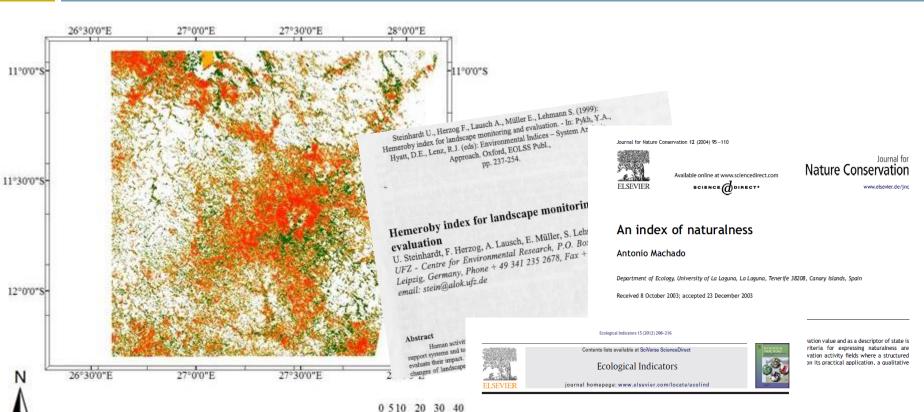


1/5 Introduction: anthropogenic disturbances



1/5 Introduction: description, measurement, representation

3



Distance to nature—A new biodiversity relevant environmental indicator set at the landscape level

Johannes Rüdissera, Erich Tasser, Ulrike Tappeinera, b,c

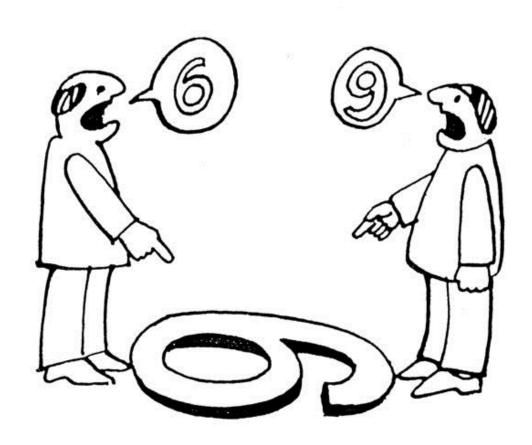
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ARTICLE INFO

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ABSTRACT

The ongoing wordswide biodiversity crisis comes along with a growing demand for feasible environmental indicators to measure, evaluate and communicate authropogenes influence on biodiversity. Those indicators can be useful tools for national and regional management and support decision making processes. We propose degree of naturations (N_{Lo}) distance to natural habitot (2), and the composite indecesses. We propose degree of naturations (In_L) distance to natural collection contains (10-M) as a highly comprehensible environmental indicator set that can be used as surroate for land use related anthronocement influence on biodiversit. A high revolution naturalness man for



1/5 Introduction: ecological restoration



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EU Biodiversity Strategy, target 2:

« By 2020, ecosystems end their services are maintained and enhanced by establishing green infrastructure and restoring at least 15% of degraded ecosystems. »

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European Commission Biodiversity Strategy Impact Assessment:

« Ecological restoration: The return of an ecosystem to its **original** community structure, natural complement of species and natural functions. »

Sort the different concepts related to the anthropogenic changes



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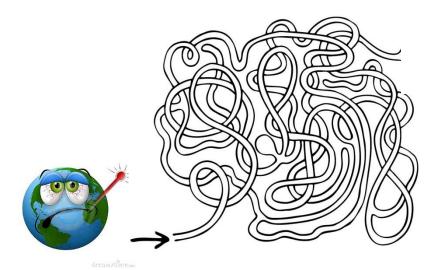
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Sort the different concepts related to the anthropogenic changes



1) What are the alternatives for an anthropised ecosystem or landscape?

/ What are the different end points of a restoration process?



Sort the different concepts related to the anthropogenic changes



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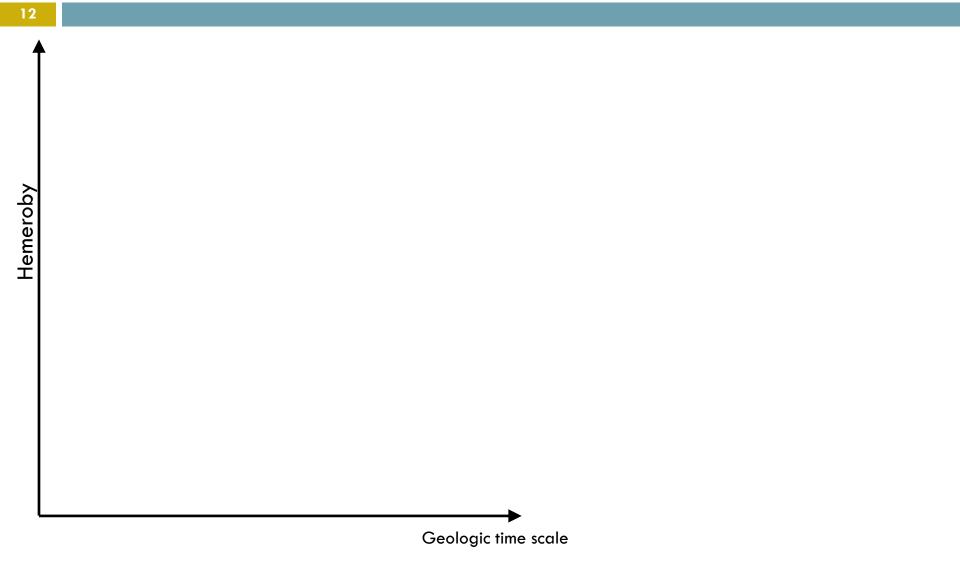
/ What are the different end points of a restoration process?



2) Measure the increase or decrease of anthropogenic effect

Hemeroby:

Measure of the difference between a reference natural state and an anthropised one



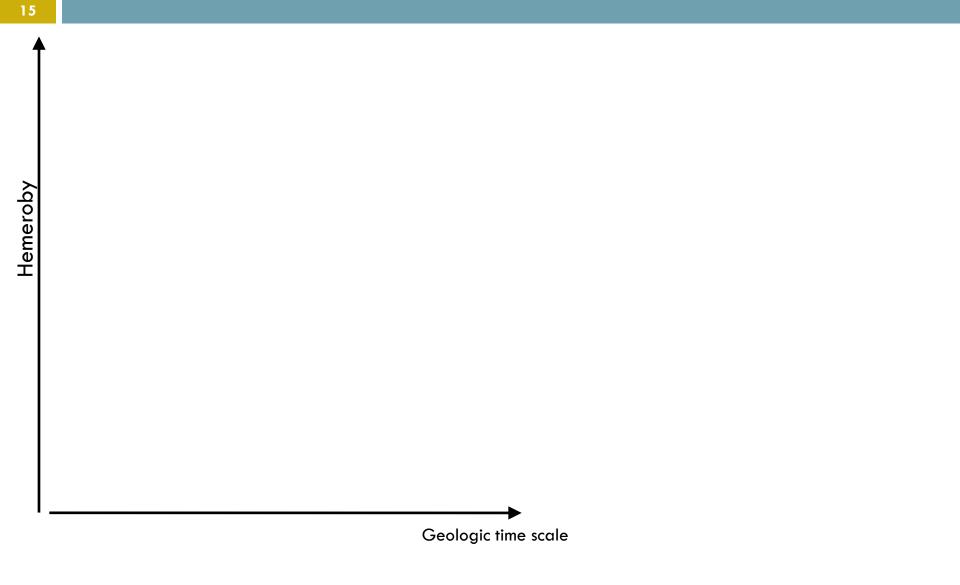
Naturalness:

state of the system when no human activity has influenced it

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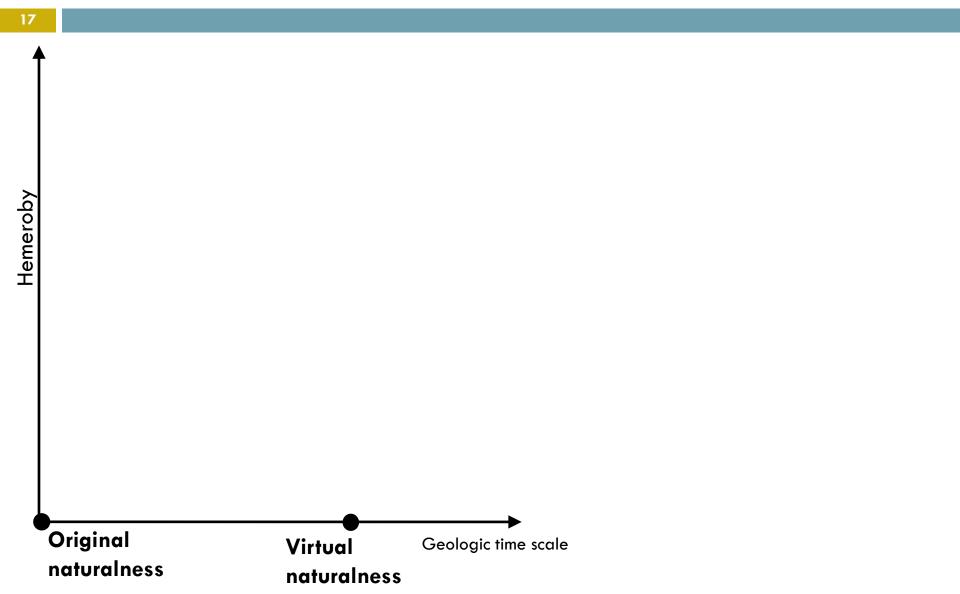
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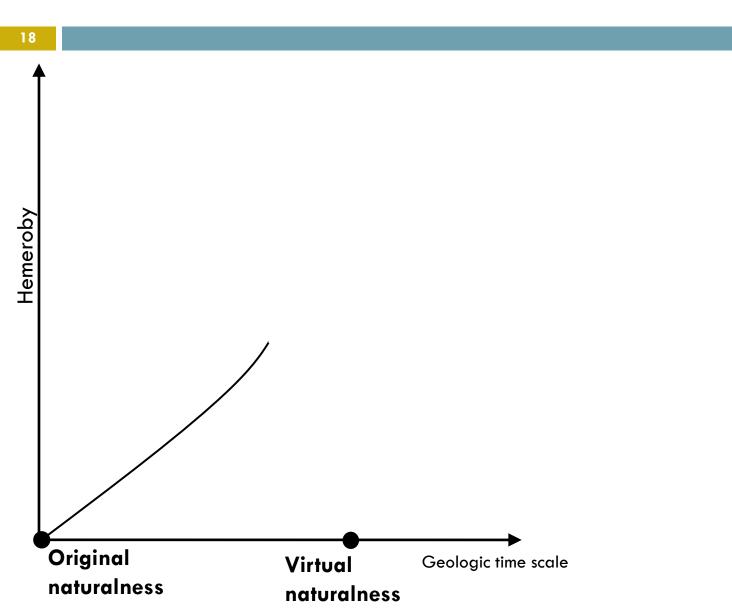
- Reference state of naturalness
 - = departure point to measure anthropisation
 - = goal to achieve while restoring

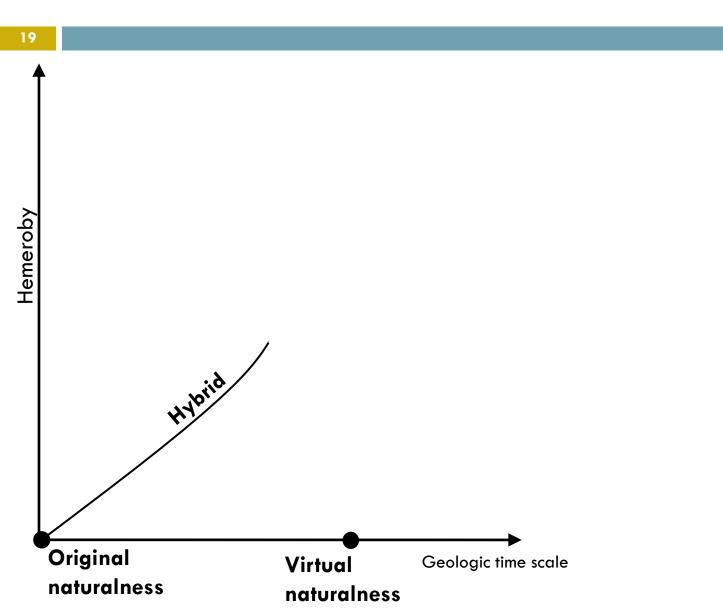


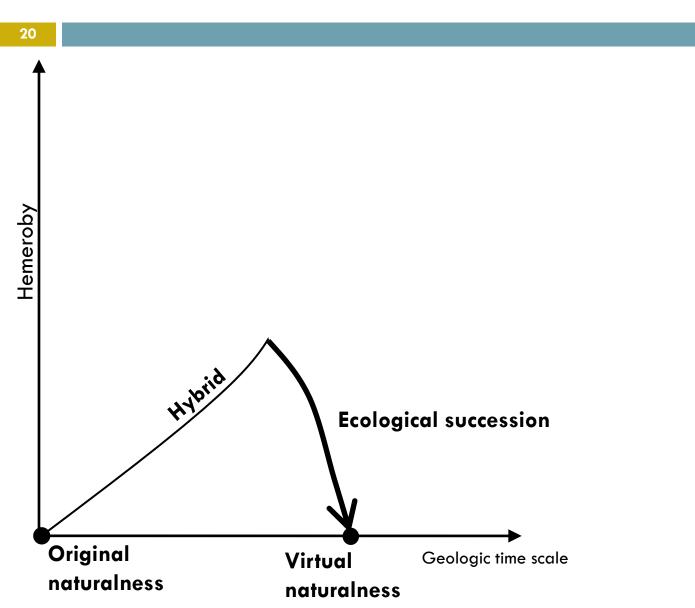
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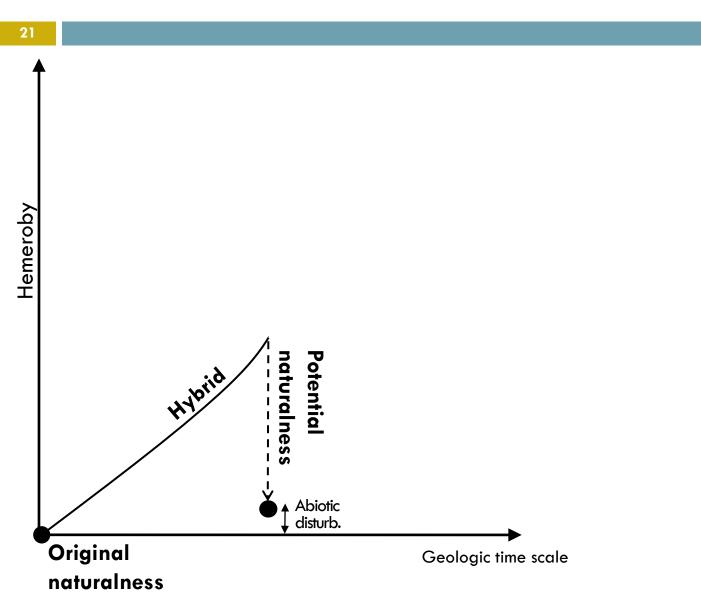
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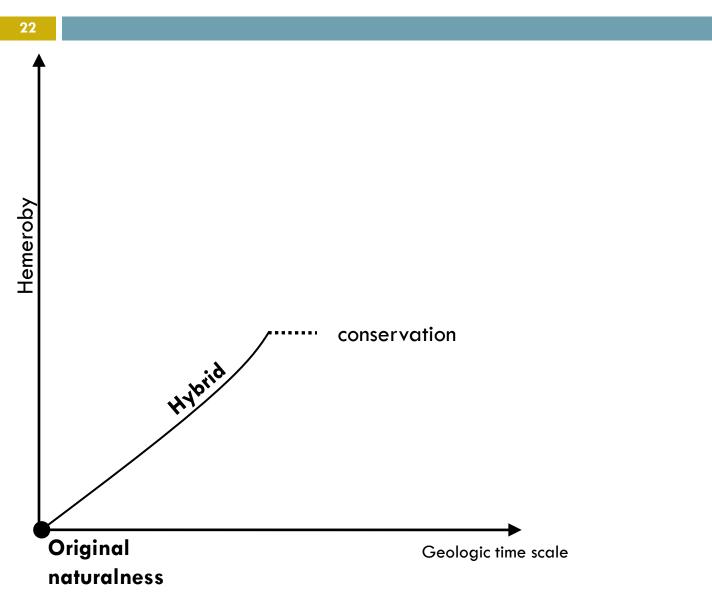


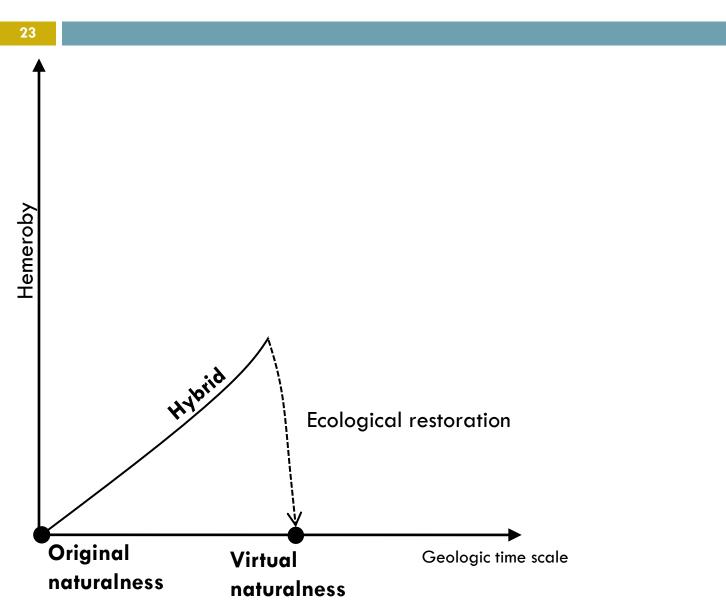


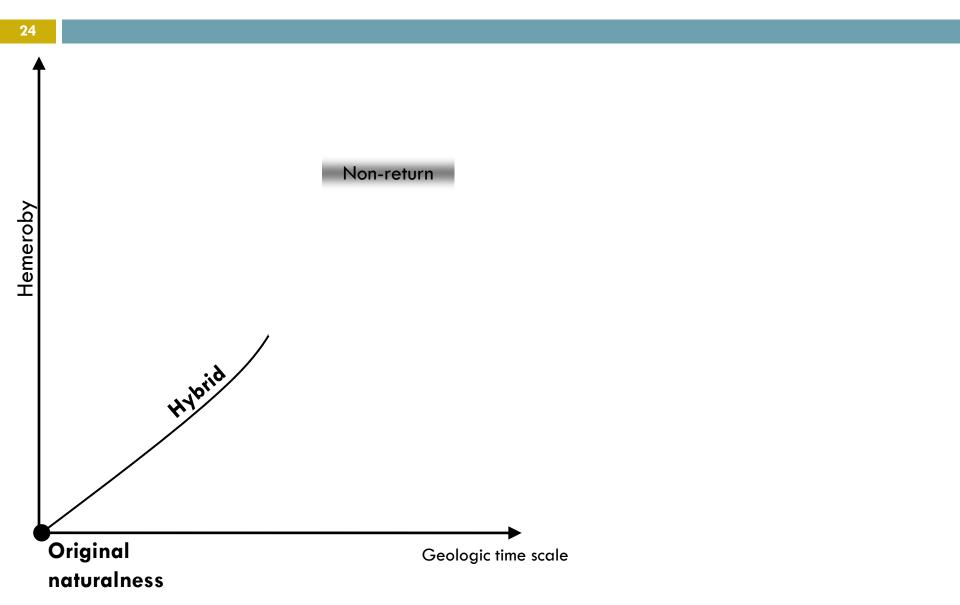


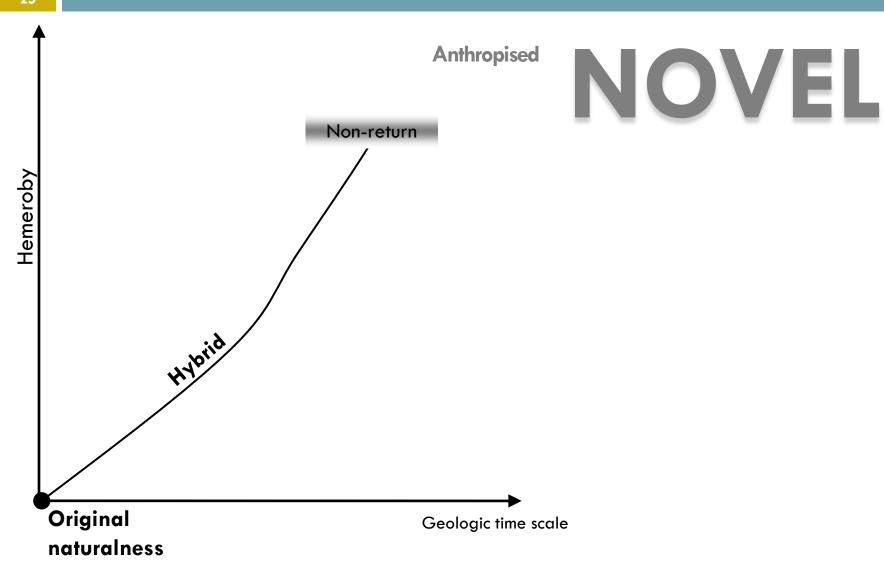


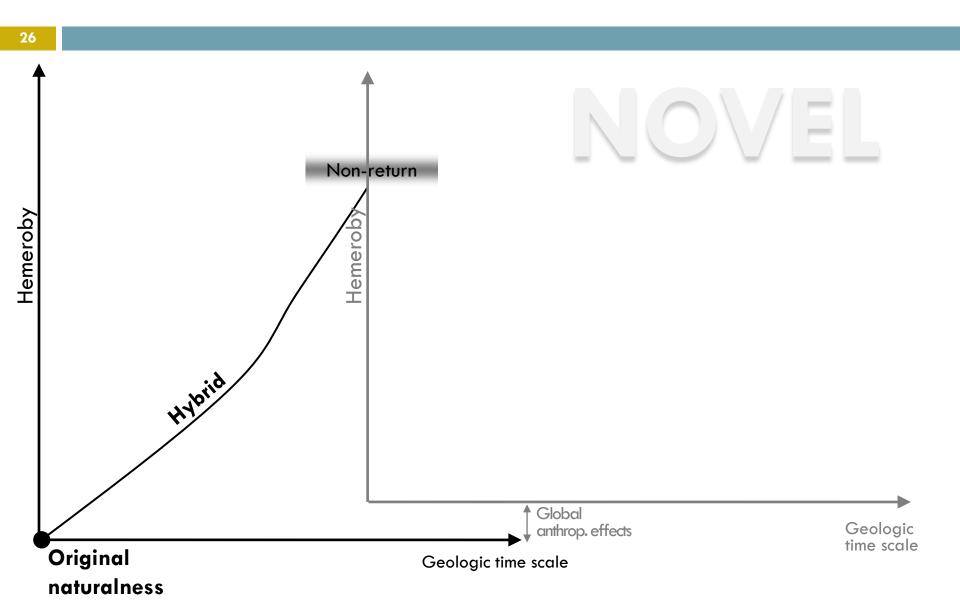


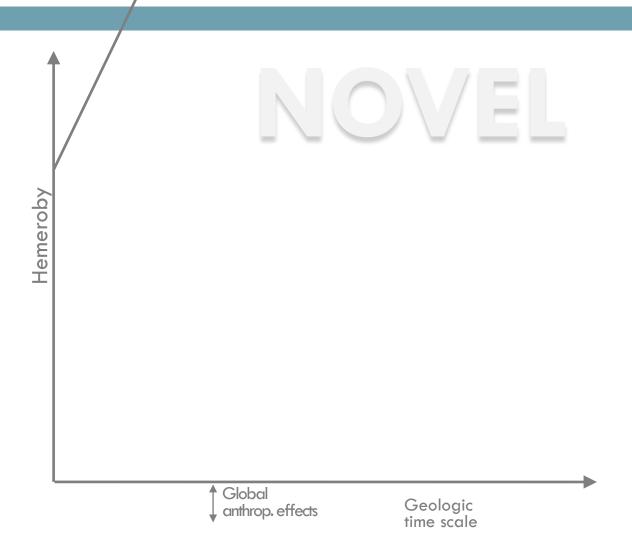


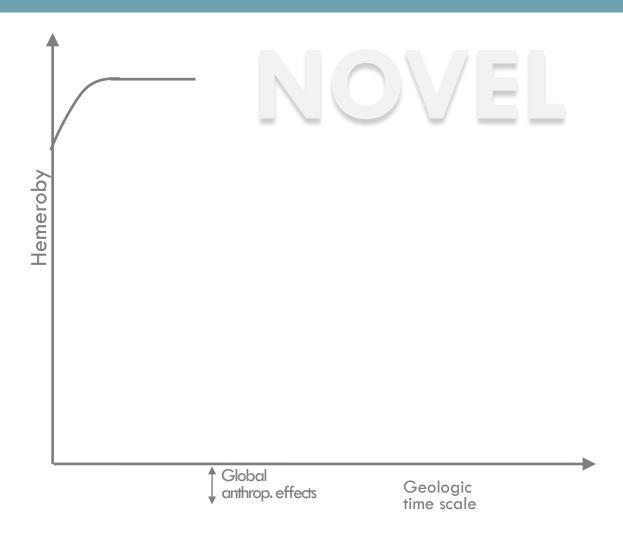


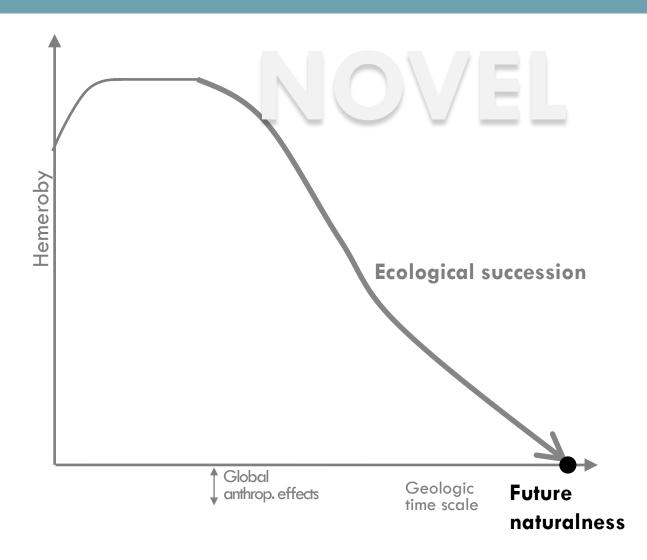


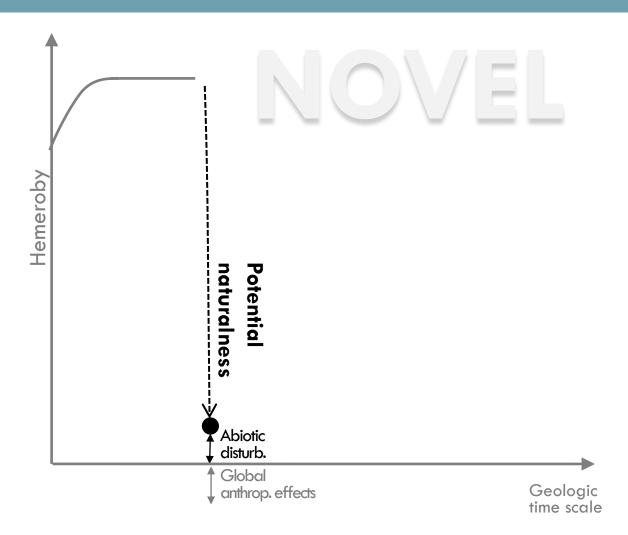


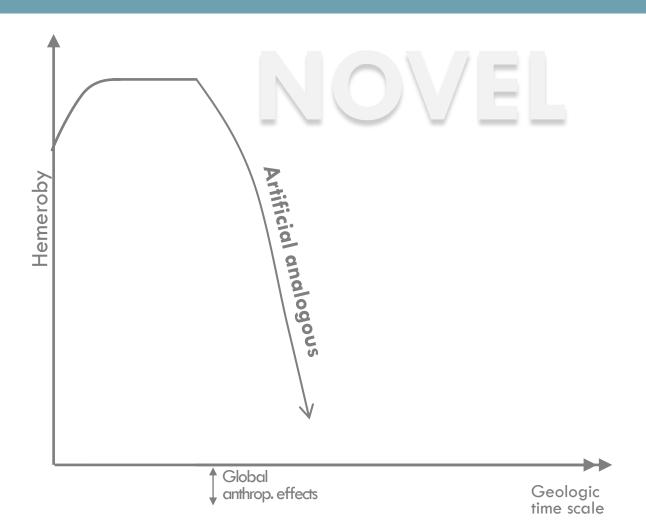


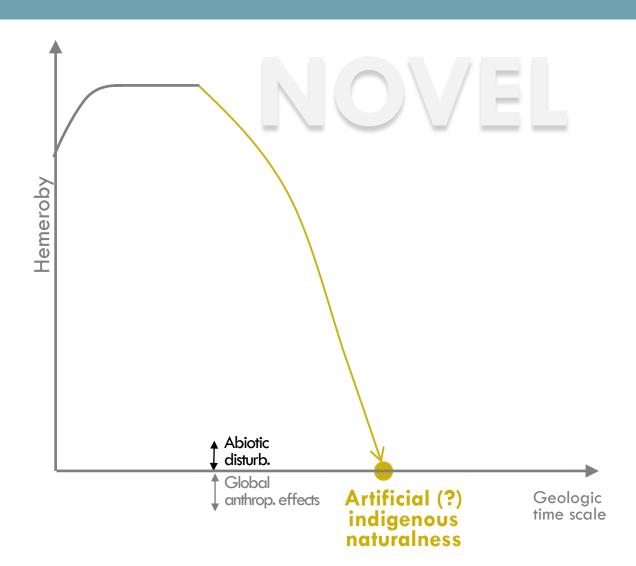


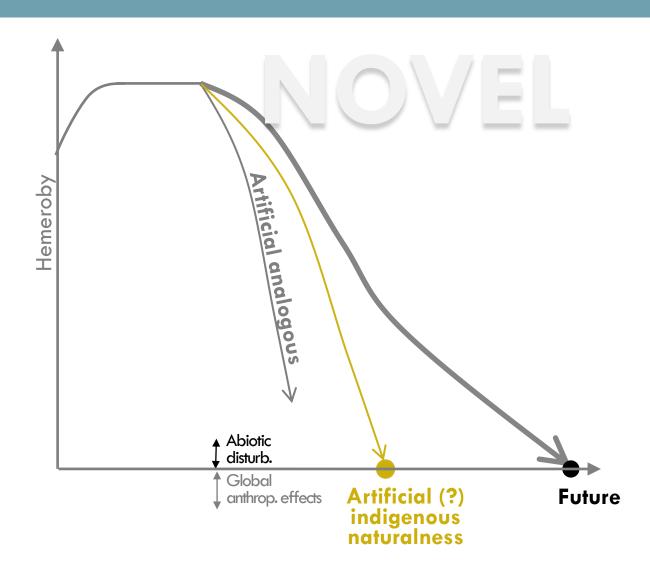


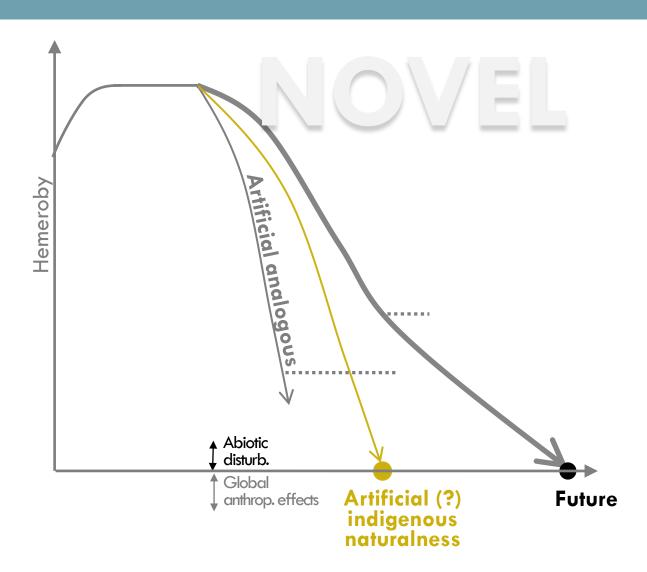


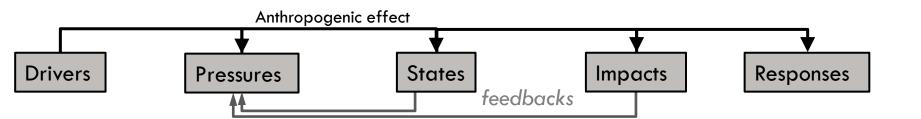


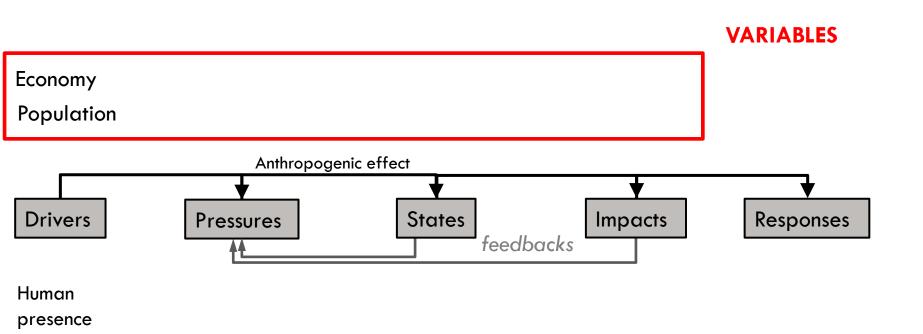


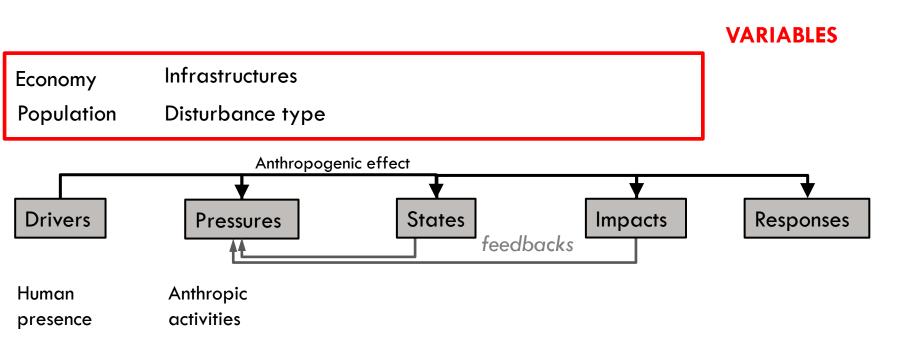


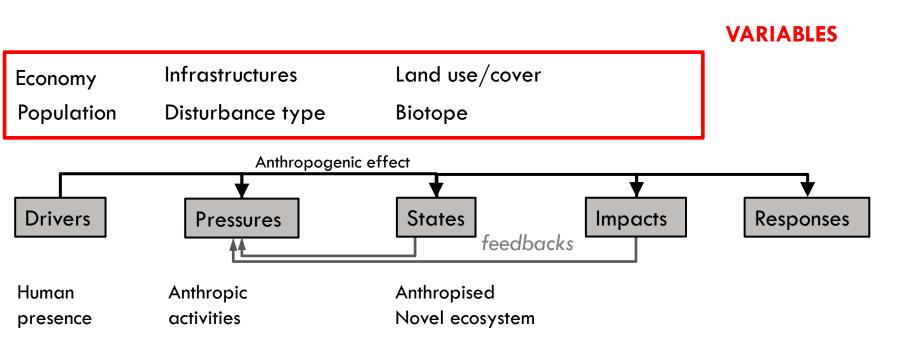


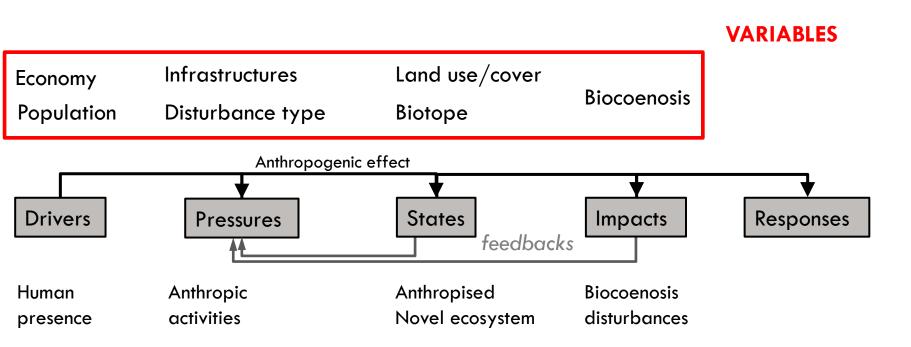


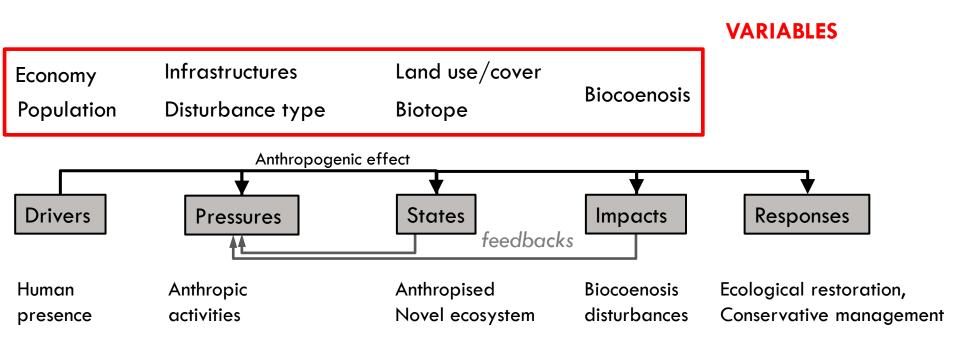




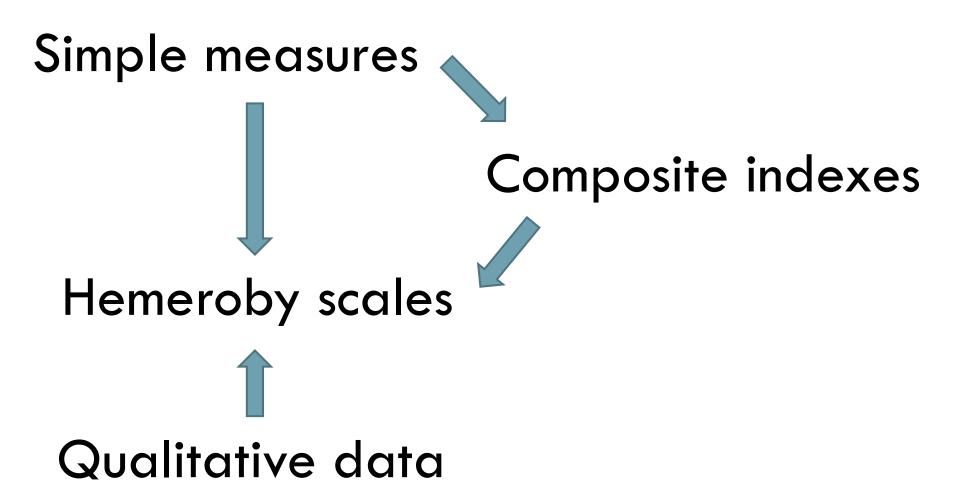




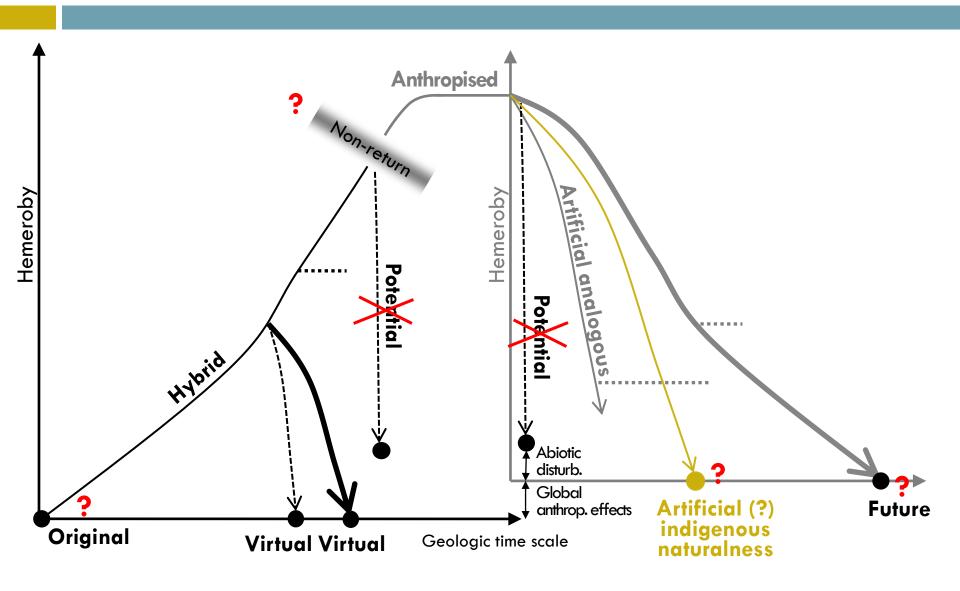




4/5 Representation methods



5/5 Take home message



5/5 An attempt to map the hemeroby of a landscape...

André, M.*, Vranken, I.*, Boisson, S., Mahy, G., Rüdisser, J., Visser, M., Lejeune, P., & Bogaert, J. (in press) Quantification of anthropogenic effects in the landscape of Lubumbashi. In G. Mahy, G. Colinet, & J. Bogaert (eds.) *Anthropisation au Katanga*. Gembloux: Presses Universitaires de Gembloux

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

