

A deep-field astronomical image showing a vast field of galaxies. In the center, there is a prominent cluster of galaxies, with several bright, blue stars or active galactic nuclei. The gravitational field of this cluster causes the light from background galaxies to be bent, creating multiple images and distorted shapes (arcs and shears) around the central region. The background galaxies are mostly yellow and orange, with some blue ones scattered throughout.

# Étude de la matière sombre par effet de mirage gravitationnel

**Journée des doctorants**  
**11 Mai 2015**  
**Université de Liège**

**Judith Biernaux**  
**Dépt. AGO**  
**Groupe OrCA**

# Objectif

- Recherche de halos de matière sombre autour de galaxies elliptiques

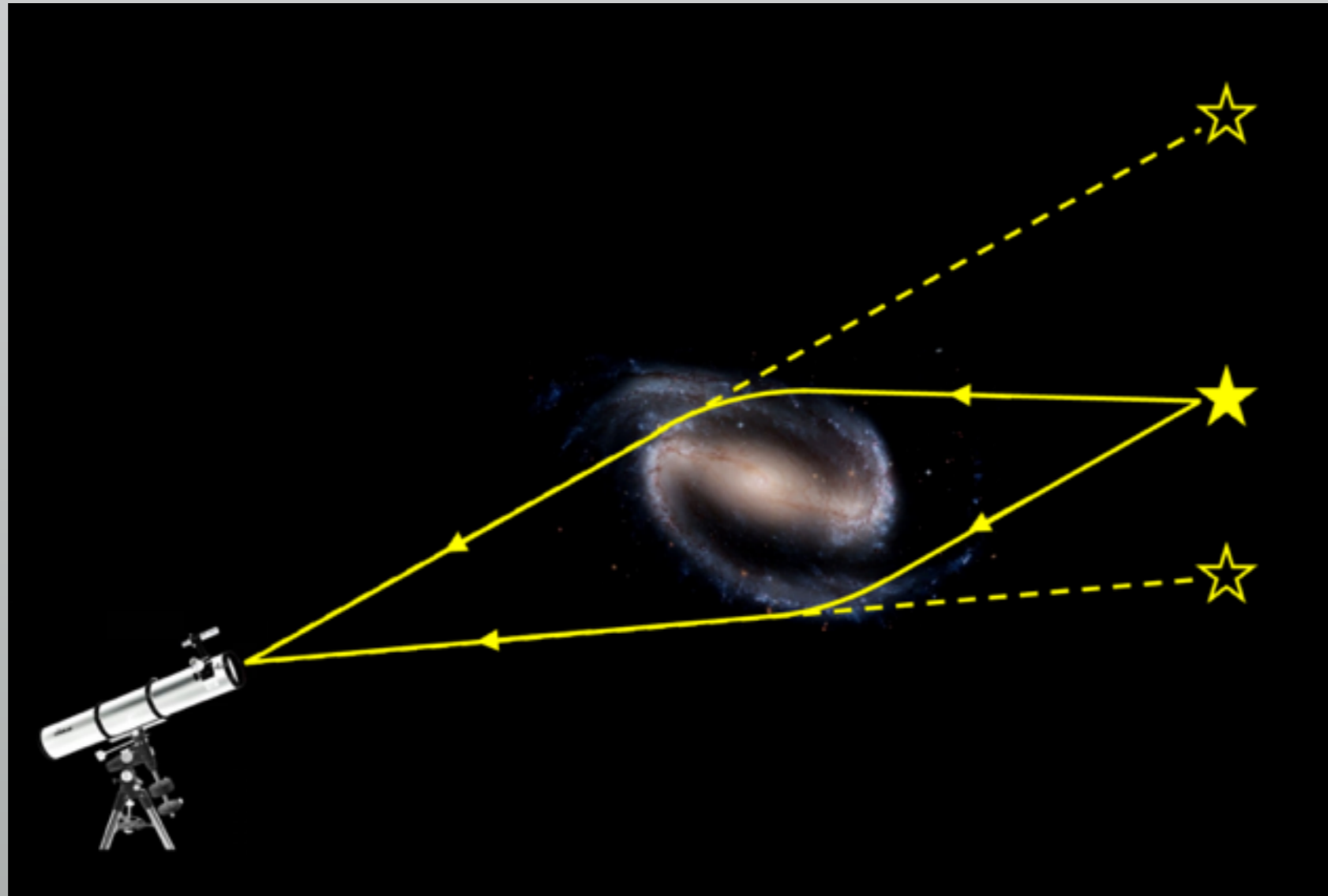


# Galaxies elliptiques ?

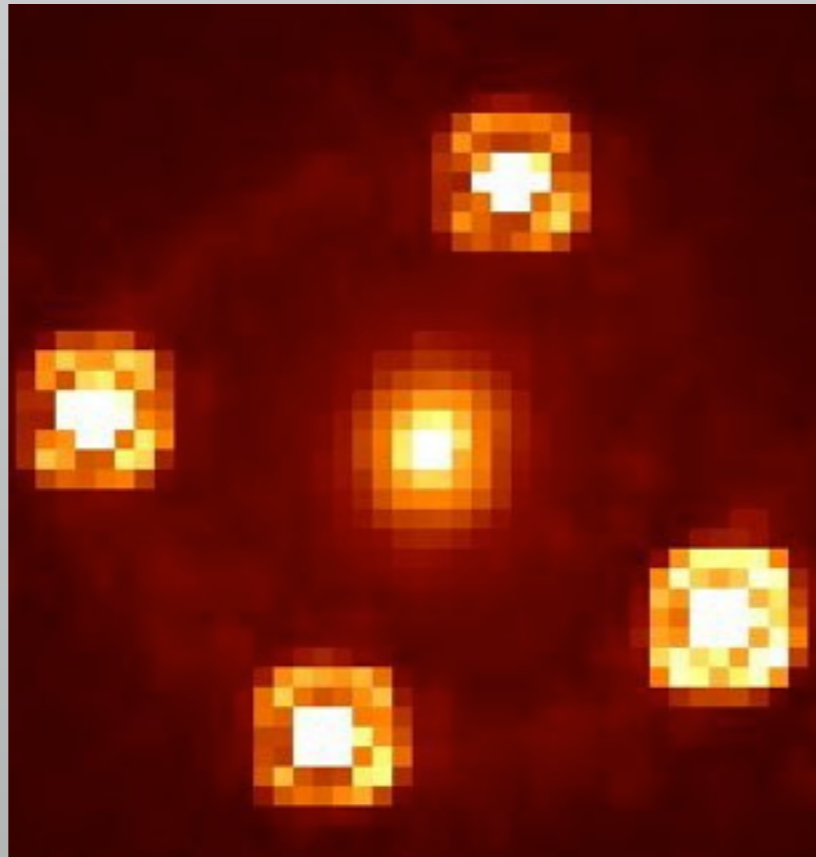
- Nébuleuses planétaires (Romanowsky et al., 2003) → pas de halos !
- Simulations de fusions de spirales (Dekel et al., 2005) → halos !
- Émissions en rayons X (Memola et al., 2011) → halos !

→ Résultats contradictoires....

# Lentilles gravitationnelles



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HE0435-1223

# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :



# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :



**Profils de luminosité**

# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :



**Profils de luminosité**

**Profils de masse**



# Profils de luminosité

$$I(r) = I_{eff} \exp\left\{-k\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]\right\}$$

- Méthode de fit classique — minima locaux

# Profils de luminosité

$$I(r) = I_{eff} \exp\left\{-k\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]\right\}$$

- Méthode de fit classique — minima locaux
  - ➔ Mesures individuelles des paramètres structuraux (ellipticité, angle d'orientation, rayon effectif)

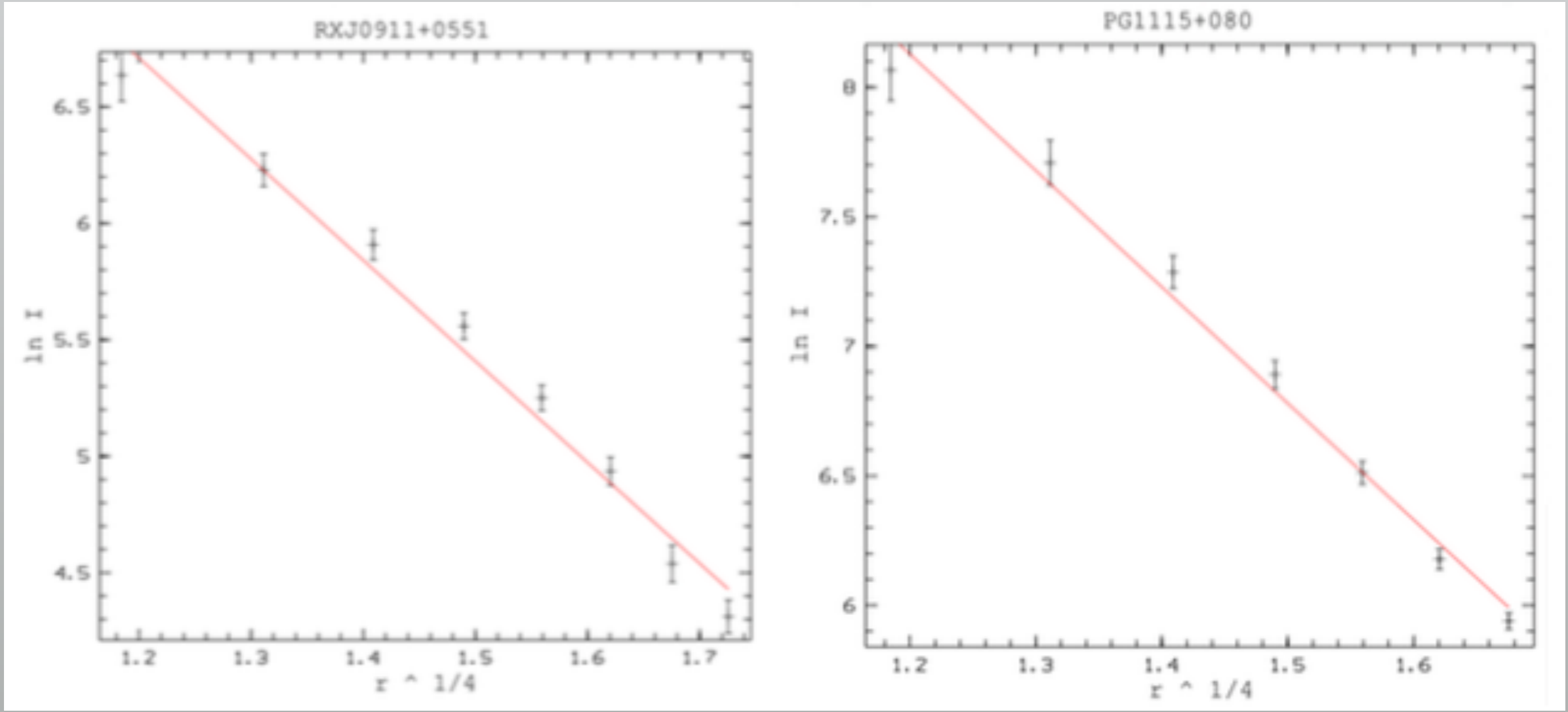
# Rayon effectif

$$I(r) = I_{eff} \exp\left\{-k\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]\right\}$$

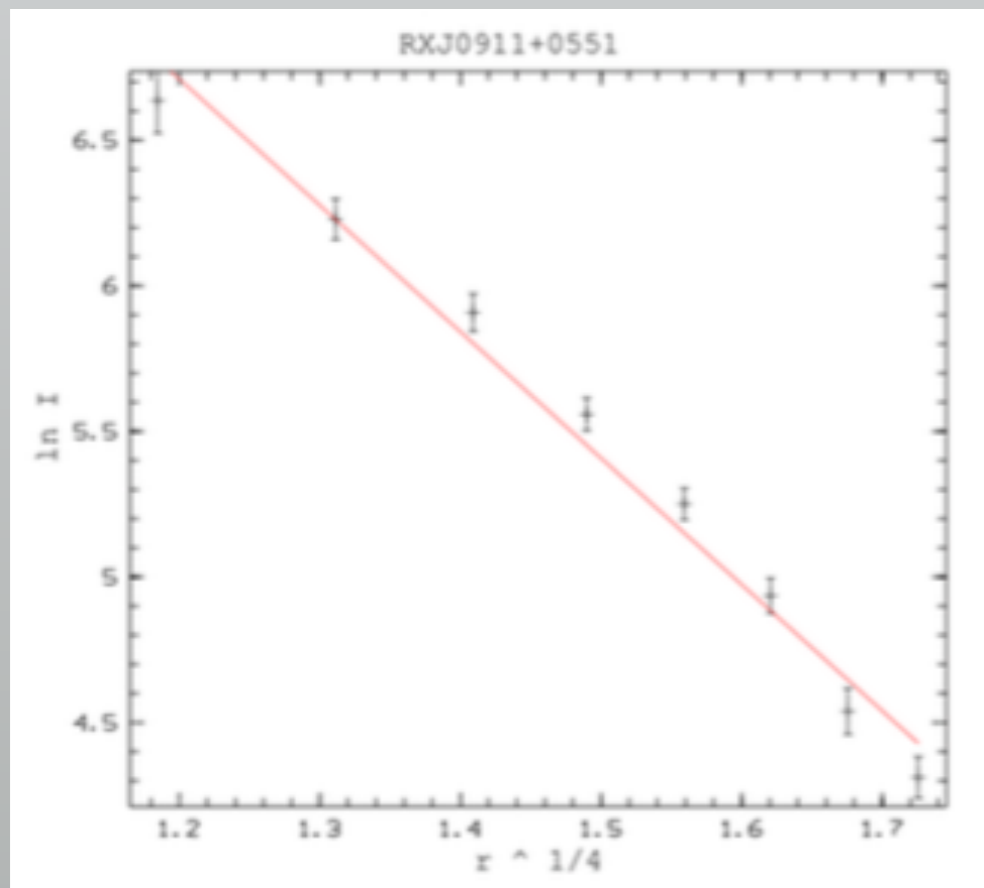
$$\ln I = \ln I_{eff} - k\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]$$

$$s = -\frac{k}{r_{eff}^{1/4}}$$

# Rayon effectif

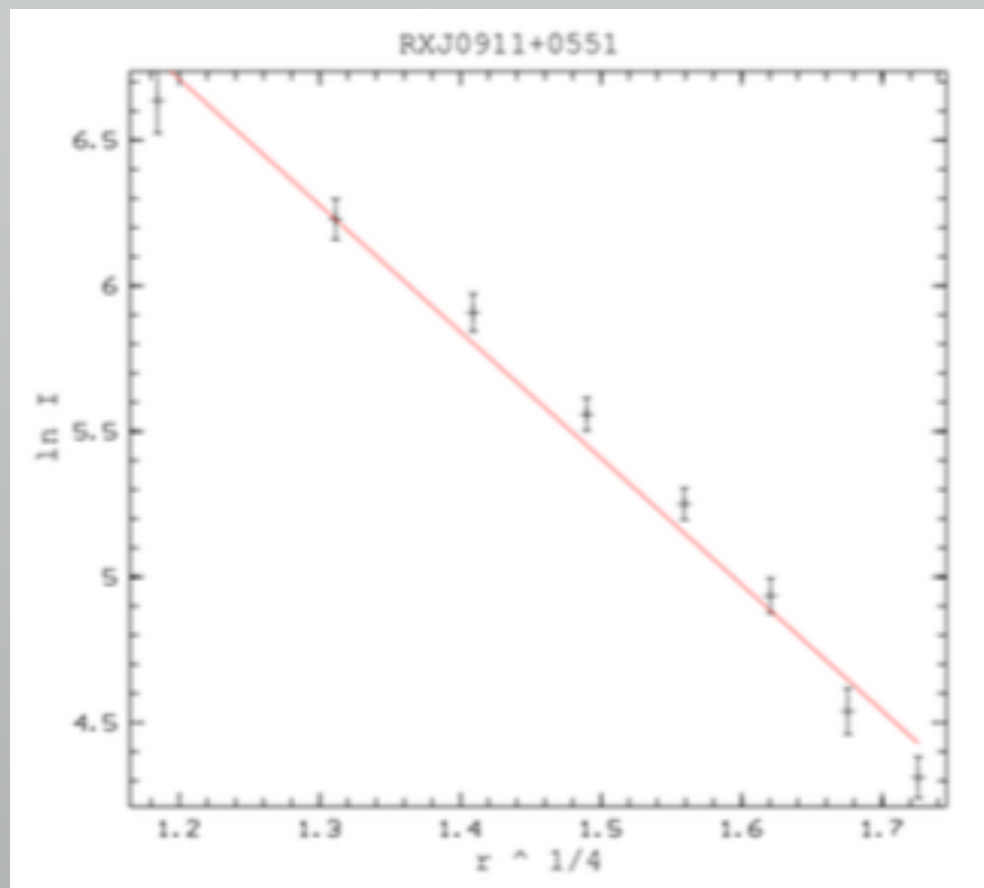


# Rayon effectif



$$I(r) = I_{eff} \exp\left\{-n\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]\right\}$$

# Rayon effectif



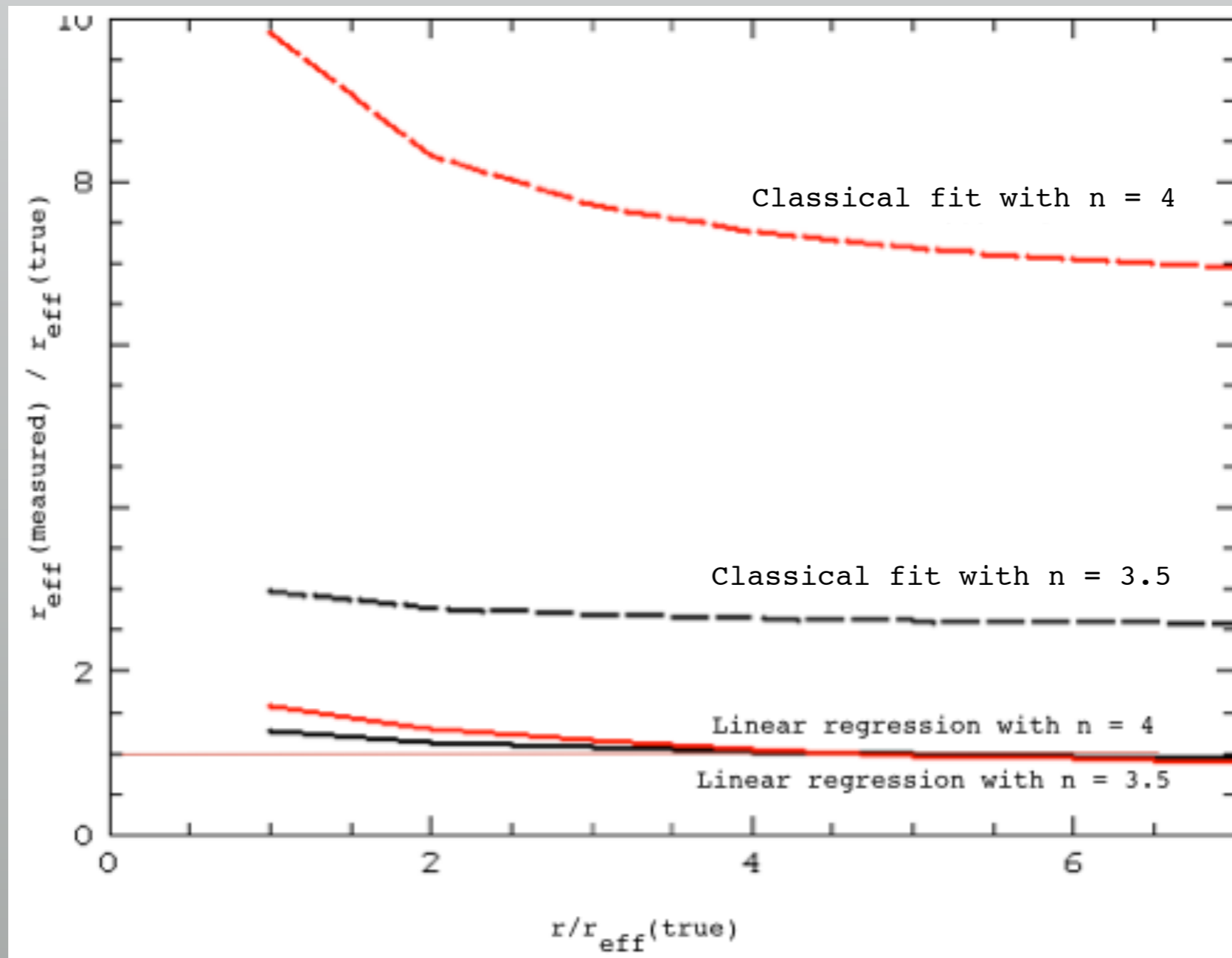
$$I(r) = I_{eff} \exp\left\{-n\left[\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/4} - 1\right]\right\}$$



$$I(r, n) = A \exp\left(-k\left(\frac{r}{r_{eff}}\right)^{1/n}\right)$$

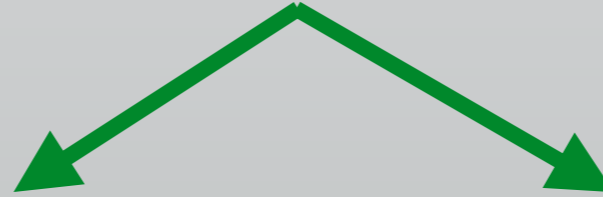
# Rayon effectif

Comparison of fitting methods on a fake galaxy ( $n = 3$ )



# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :



## **Profils de luminosité**

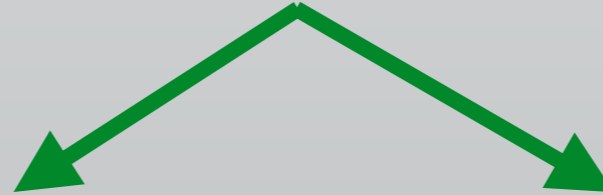
- Mesures indépendantes des paramètres structuraux
- Mesure du **n**

## **Profils de masse**



# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :



## **Profils de luminosité**

- Mesures indépendantes des paramètres structuraux
- Mesure du **n**

## **Profils de masse**

- Modélisation du profil de masse de la galaxie lentille

# Lentilles gravitationnelles

Deux volets :

## Profils de luminosité

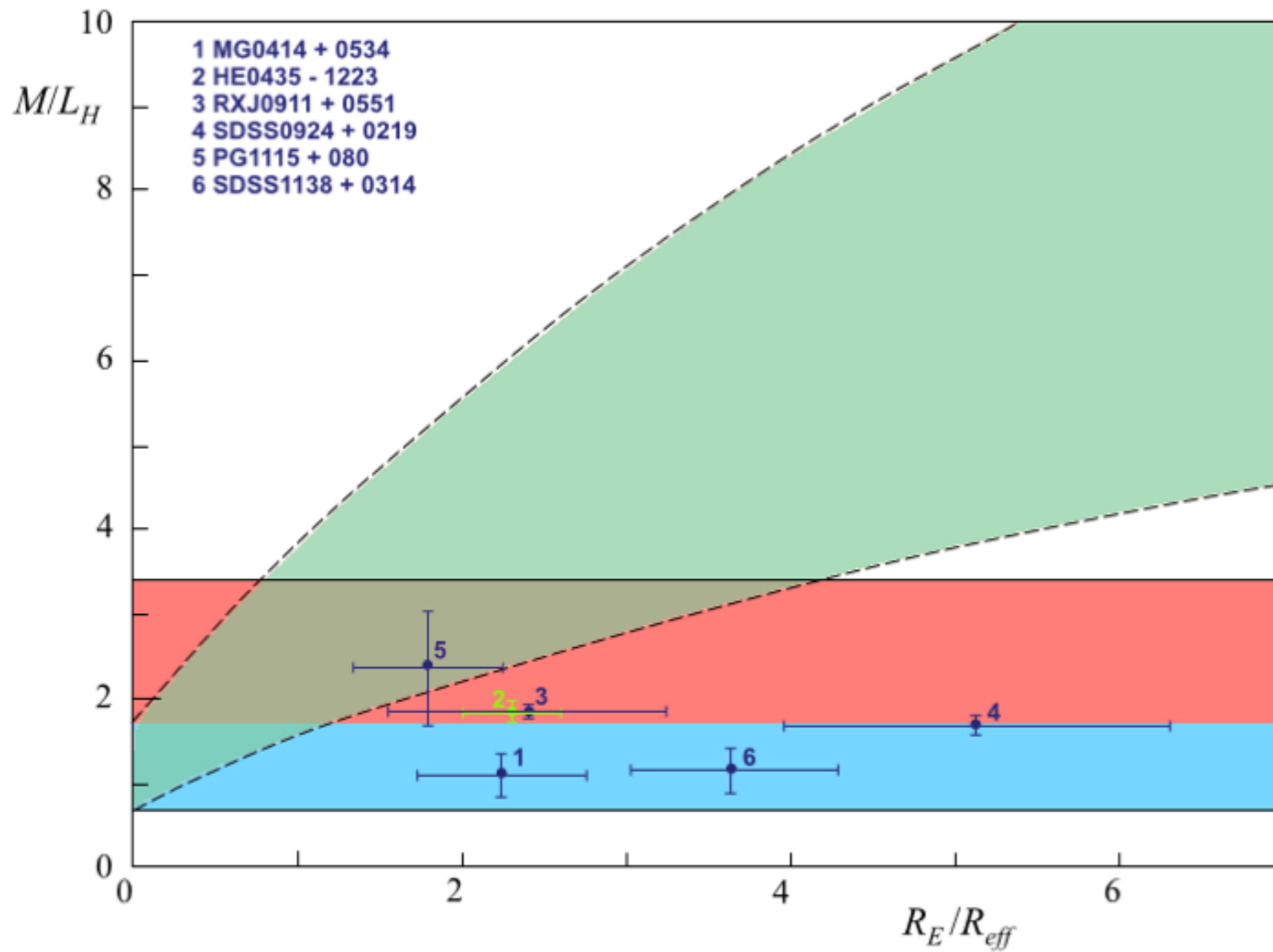
- Mesures indépendantes des paramètres structuraux
- Mesure du **n**

## Profils de masse

- Modélisation du profil de masse de la galaxie lentille

**Calcul du rapport M/L au sein du rayon d'Einstein**

# Rapport M/L



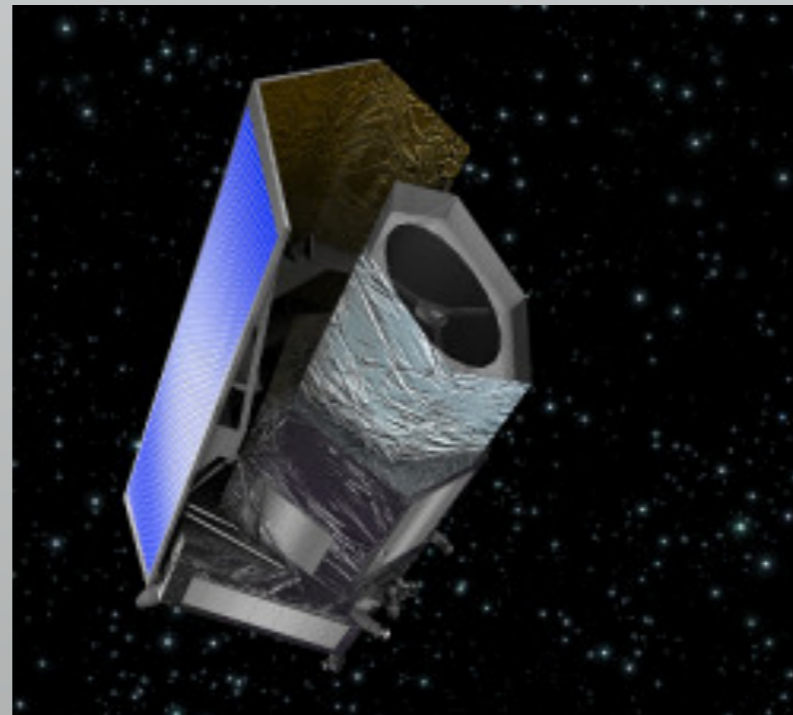
# Pour la suite...

- Résultats préliminaires indiquent l'**absence** de halo

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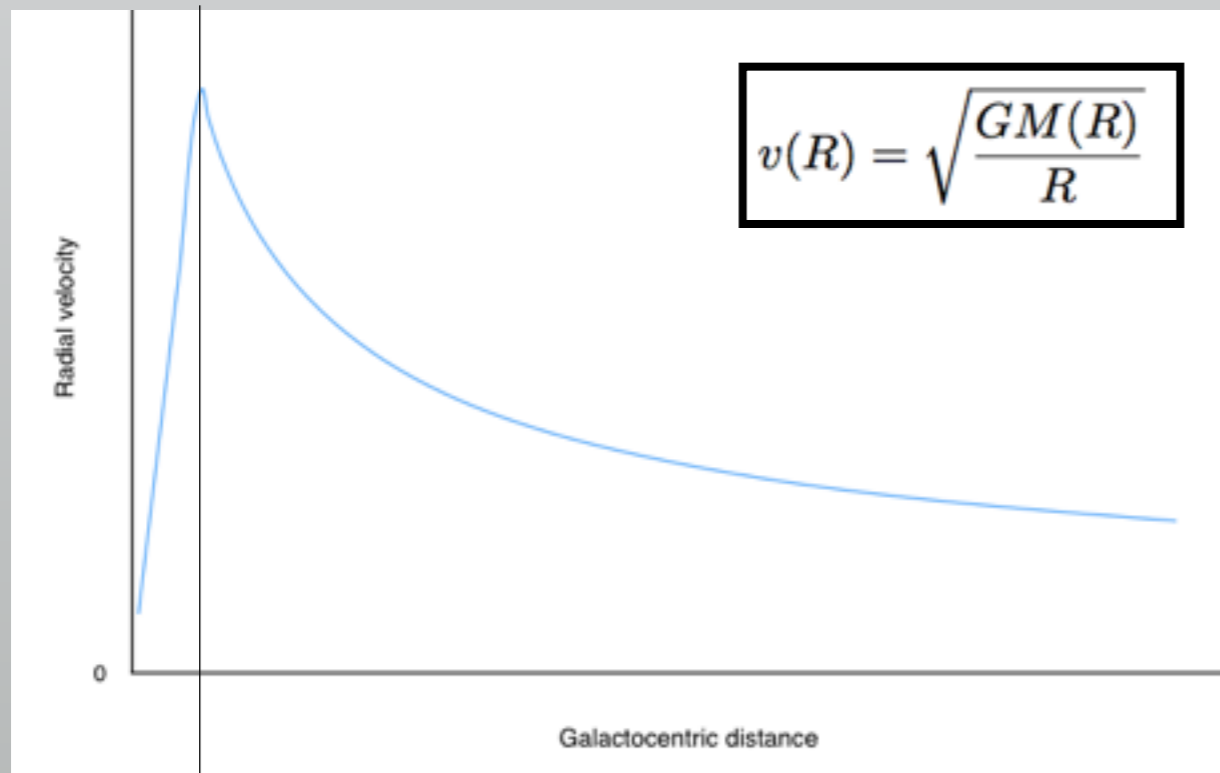
**Évolution galactique**  
**Cosmologie**



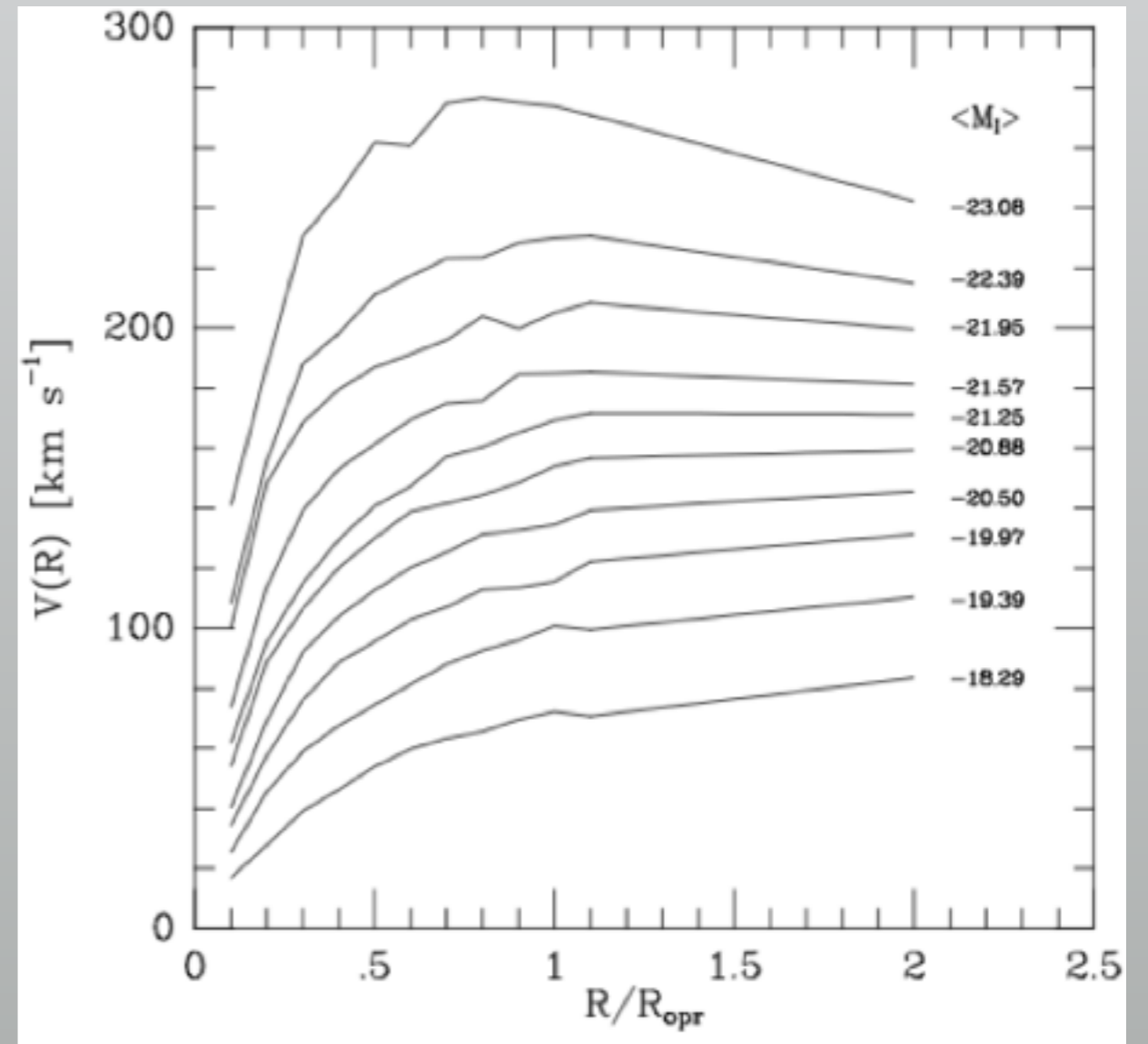
**Merci**



# Dark matter halos ?



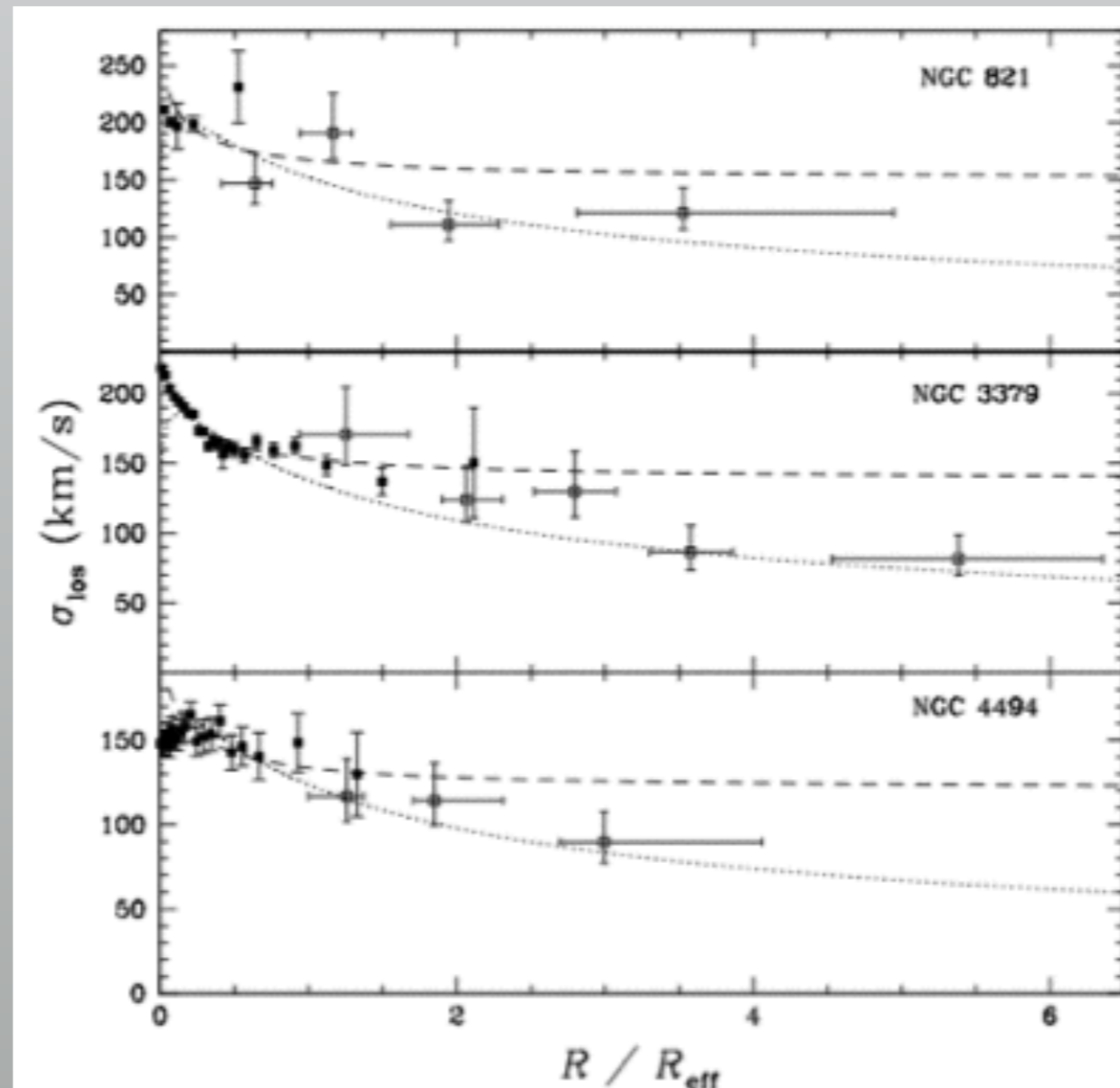
➔ Dark matter halo around spirals



*Persic, Salucci and Stel, 1995*

# Around elliptical galaxies ?

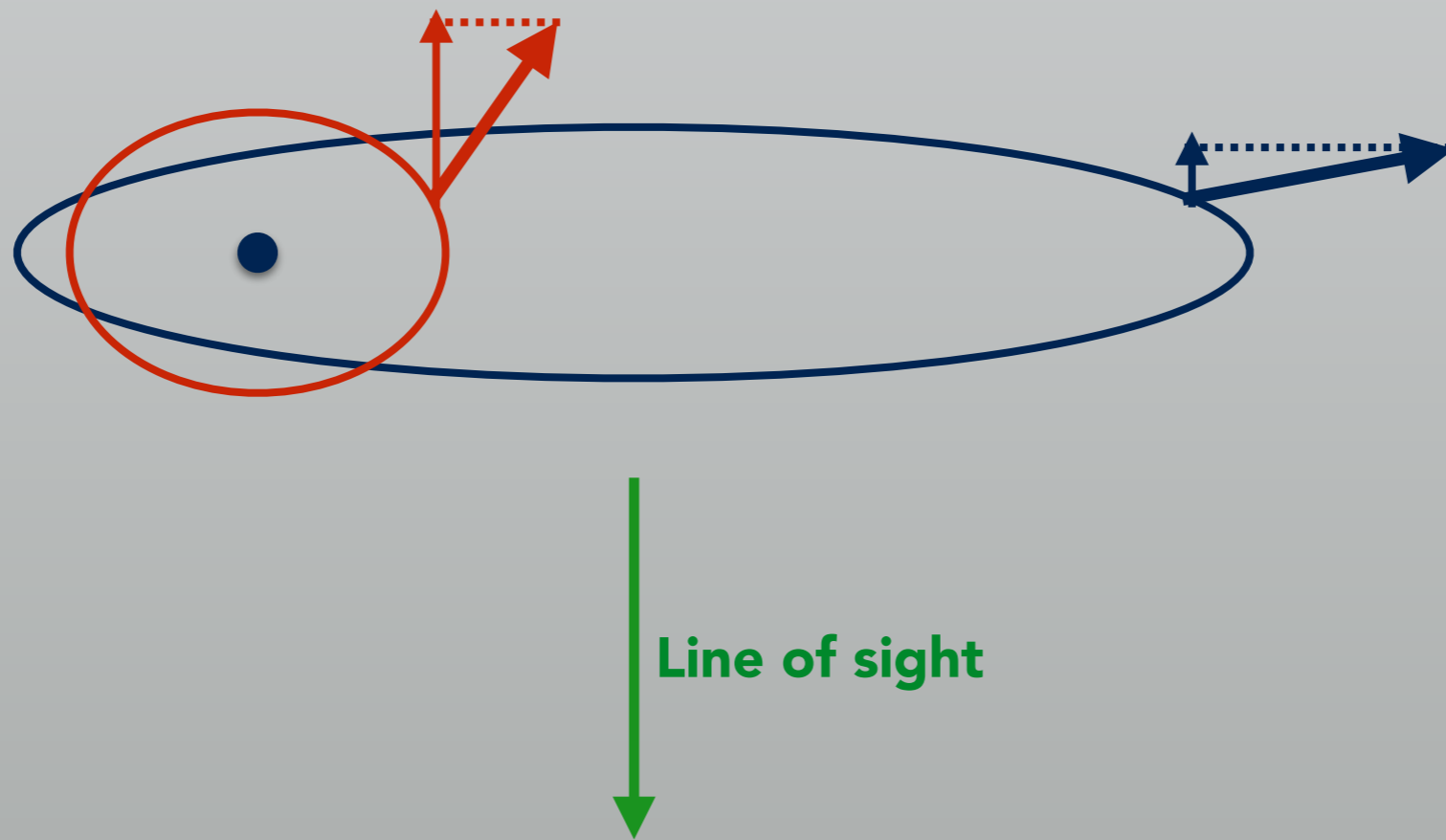
- Planetary nebulae (Romanowsky et al., 2003)





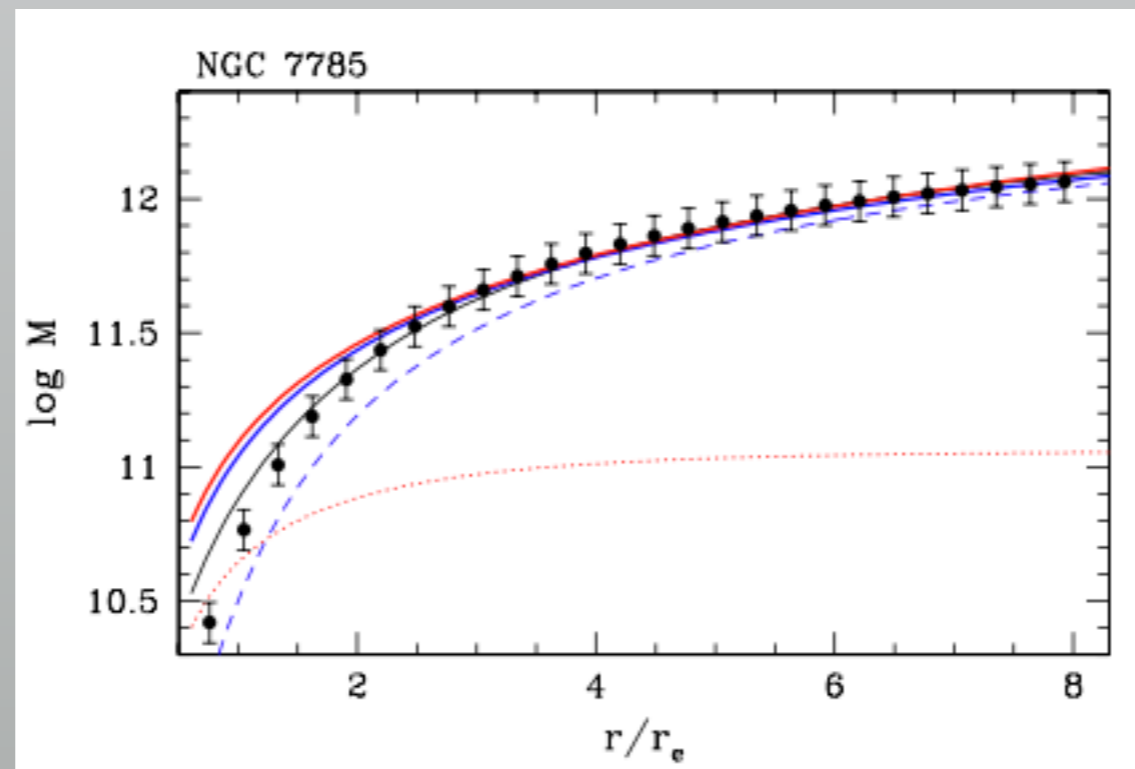
# Around elliptical galaxies ?

- Planetary nebulae (Romanowsky et al., 2003)
- Simulations of merging disk galaxies (Dekel et al., 2005)



# Around elliptical galaxies ?

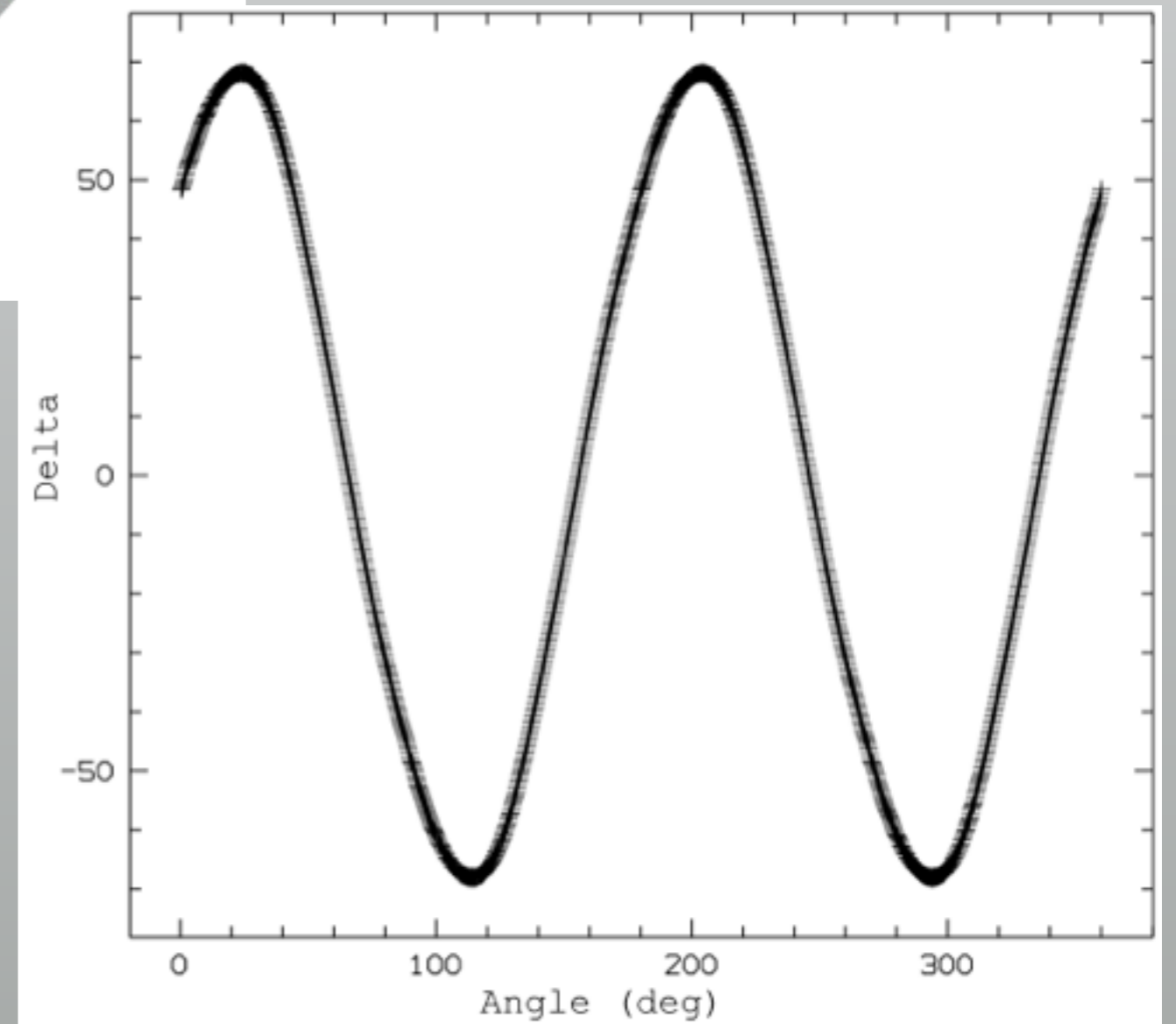
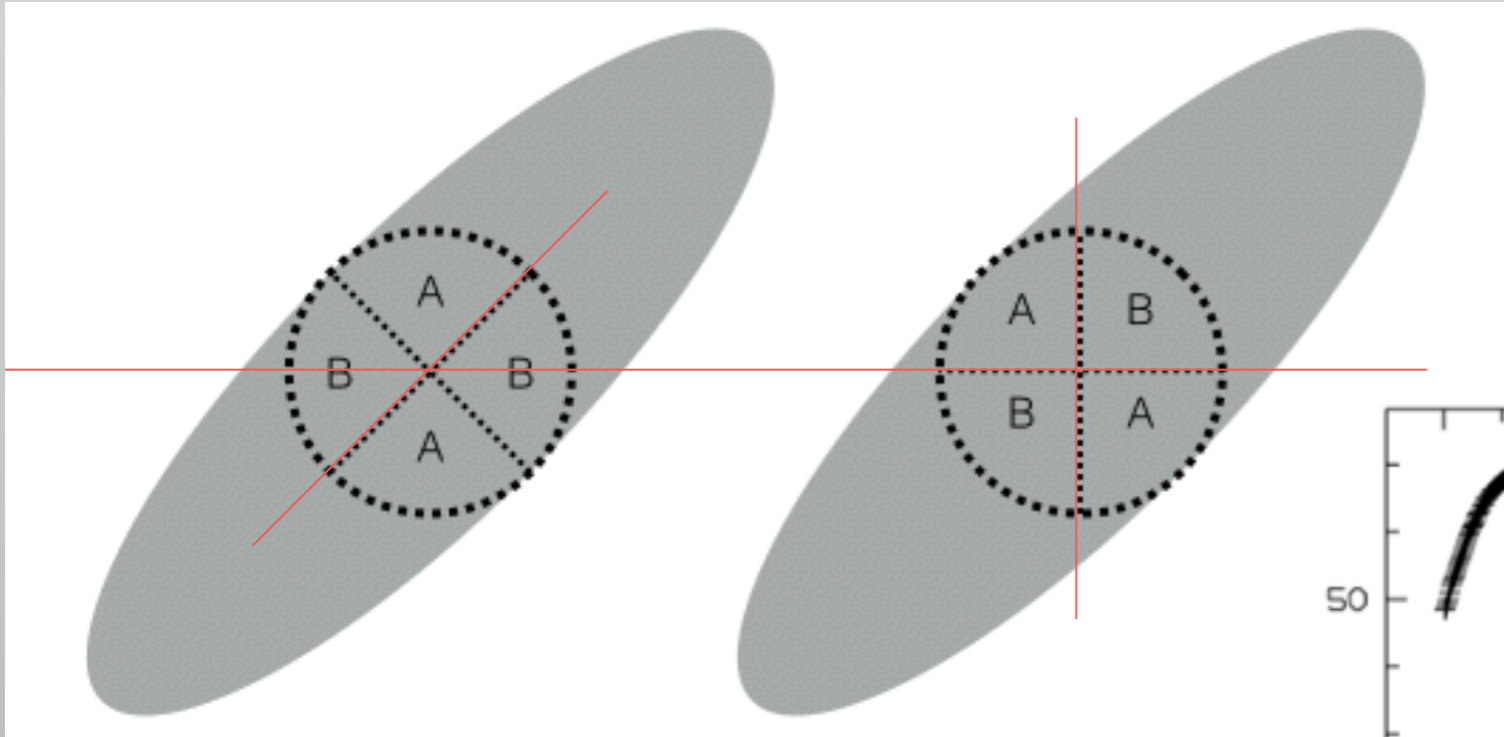
- Planetary nebulae (Romanowsky et al., 2003)
- Simulations of merging disk galaxies (Dekel et al., 2005)
- X-ray emission (Memola et al., 2011)



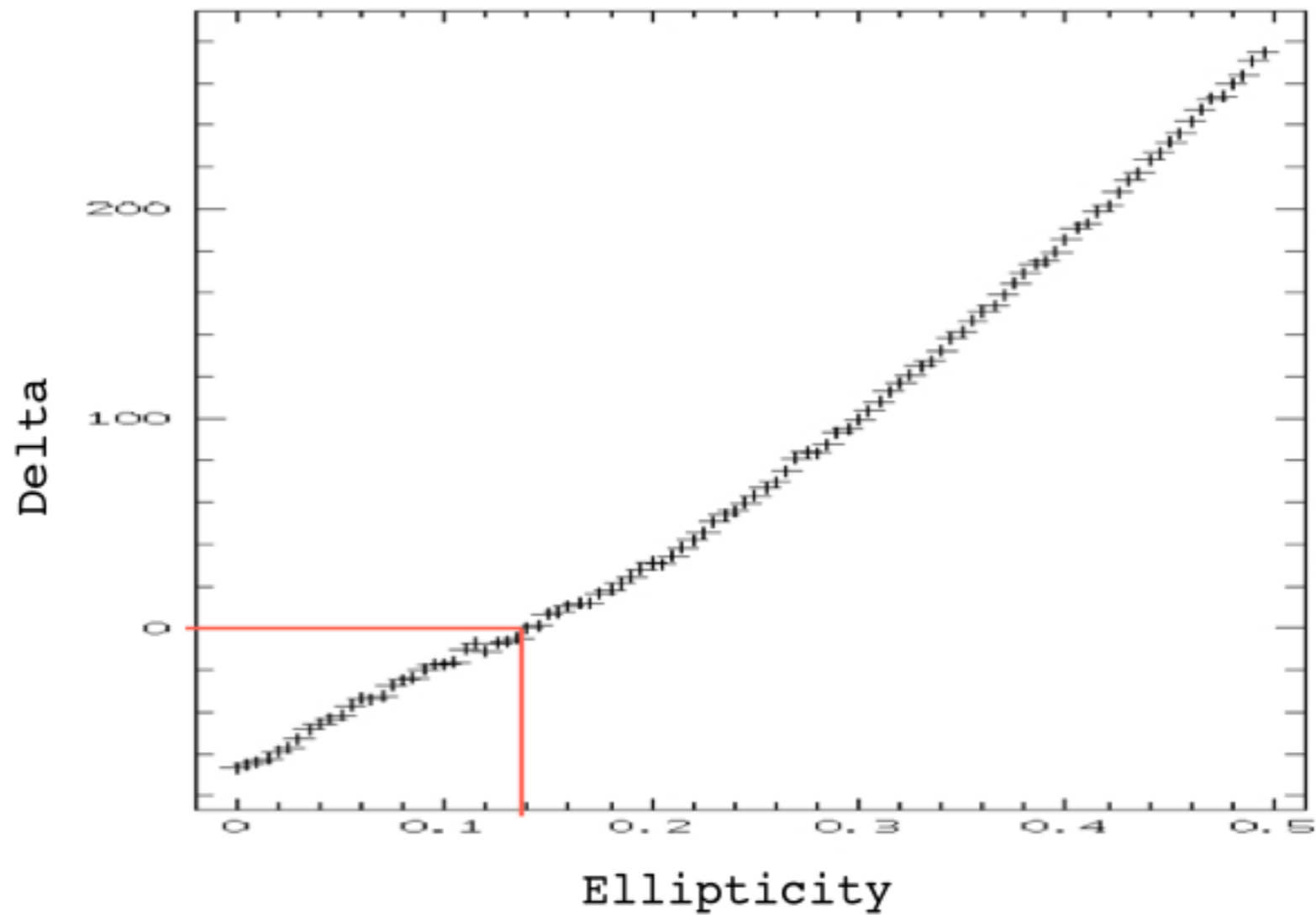
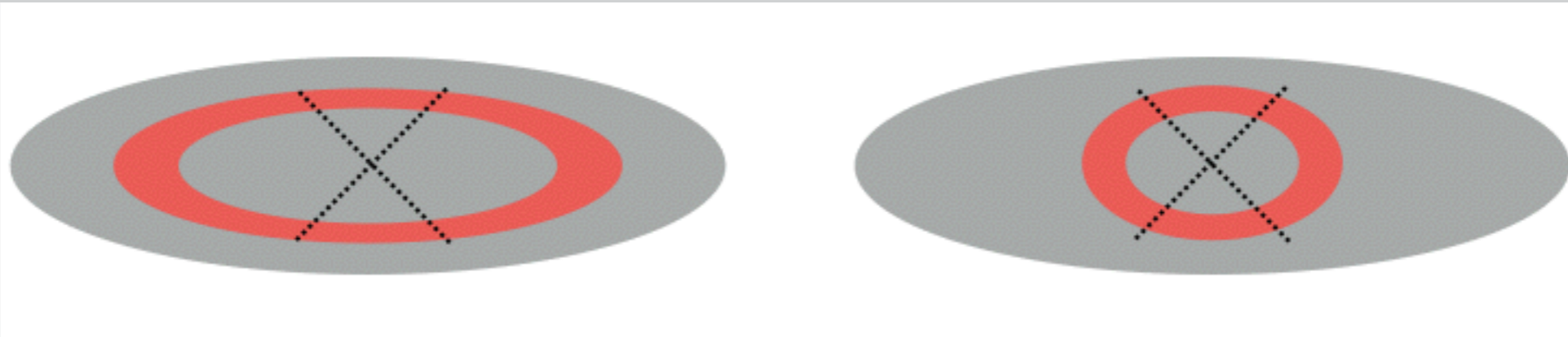
# Around elliptical galaxies ?

System (galaxy)	With halo (SIE)	Without halo (constant M/L)
MG0414+0534	33	30
HE0435-1223	2.6	2.9
RXJ0911+0551	200	186
SDSS0924+0219	5	6
PG1115+080	20	6
SDSS1138+0314	1.2	0.7
B1422+231	7	43

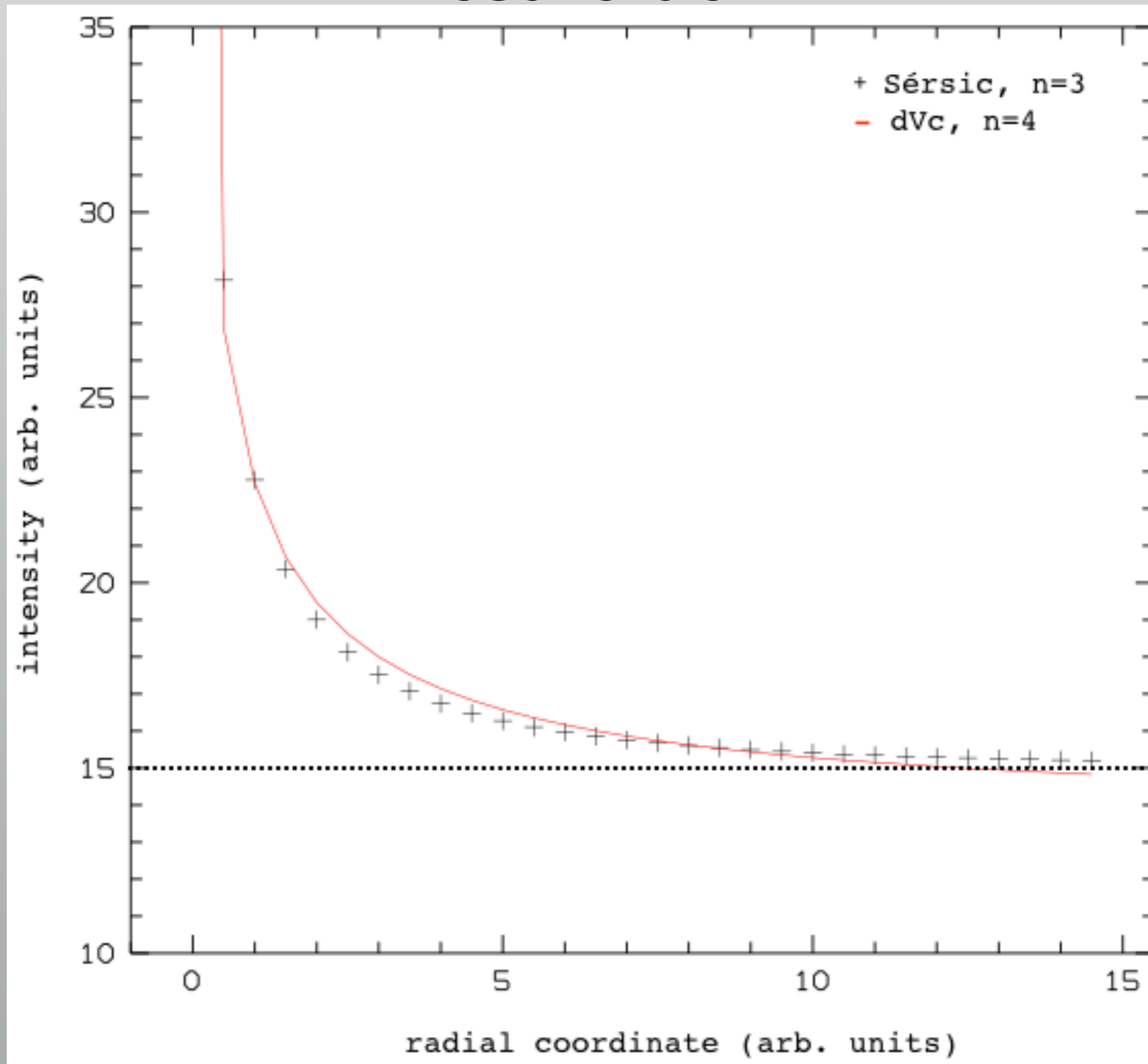
# Measurement of position angle



# Measurement of ellipticity



# Mesure de n



# Mesure de n

