



UNIVERSITE DE LIÈGE
Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech

Agriculture Is Life.be



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Wildflower strips: A help for crop protection?



ENVITAM PhD Student Day 2014
Université Catholique de Louvain

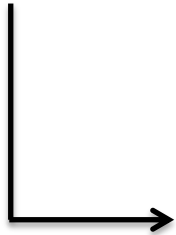
5th March 2014

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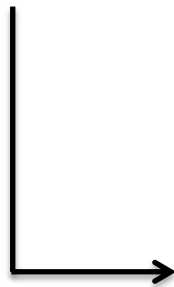
Presentation Plan



I. Context: limits of pesticide use



II. Wildflower strips: why could they be useful to biologically limit pests on crops?



III. My project: how do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control?

I. Context : limit of pesticide use



Pests on crops



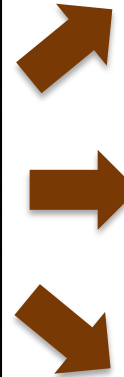
Damage on crops



Pesticide application



Is there a solution?



Health risks ¹



Environmental damage ²



Pest resistance ³

II. Wildflower strips: why could they be useful to biologically limit pests on crops ? (1)

Biological pest control: what is it?

*“Use of living organism to prevent and reduce losses or damages caused by pests”
(IOBC, 1973) ⁴*



By introduction ⁶



By conservation ⁵

II. Wildflower strips: why could they be useful to biologically limit pests on crops ? (2)

① Food resource ^{7,8}
(nectar, pollen, alternative preys)

② Shelter ^{7,8}
(for reproduction and wintering)

Wildflower strips provide to insects...



...because they are...

③ Species diversified

④ Relatively undisturbed

⑤ Not treated with insecticide

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (1)

About wildflower strips for pest control

Research question 1

How does functional diversity of flower mixes affect insect diversity, their trophic relations and thus pest control?

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (2)

Functional diversity: what is it?

Diversity of flower functional traits into a group of species ⁹

Example

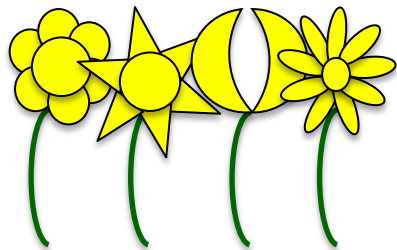
1 trait = colour

and

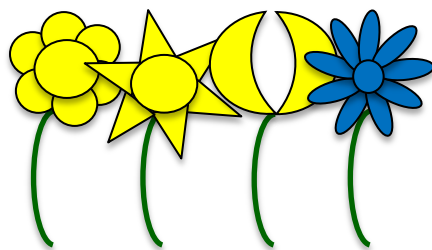
4 species per mix



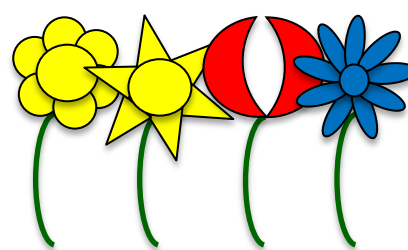
4 functional diversities



Very Low



Low



High

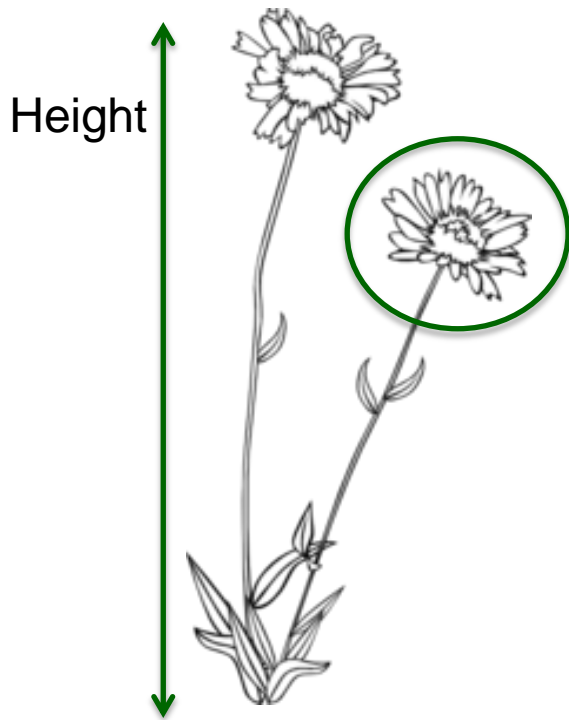


Very High

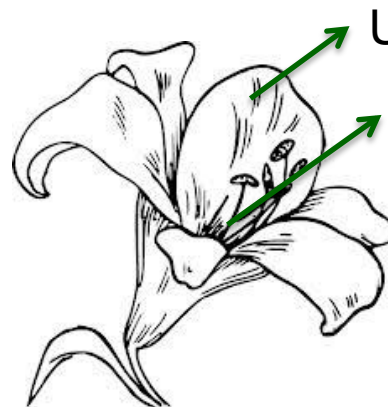
III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (3)

Traits we chose: involved in the attraction of insects

From 20 flower species
→ 4 mixes of 7 flowers



Colour
Start time of flowering
Flowering duration



UV pattern of external parts
UV pattern of internal parts
Corolla type

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (4)

Material & Methods



Insect trapping

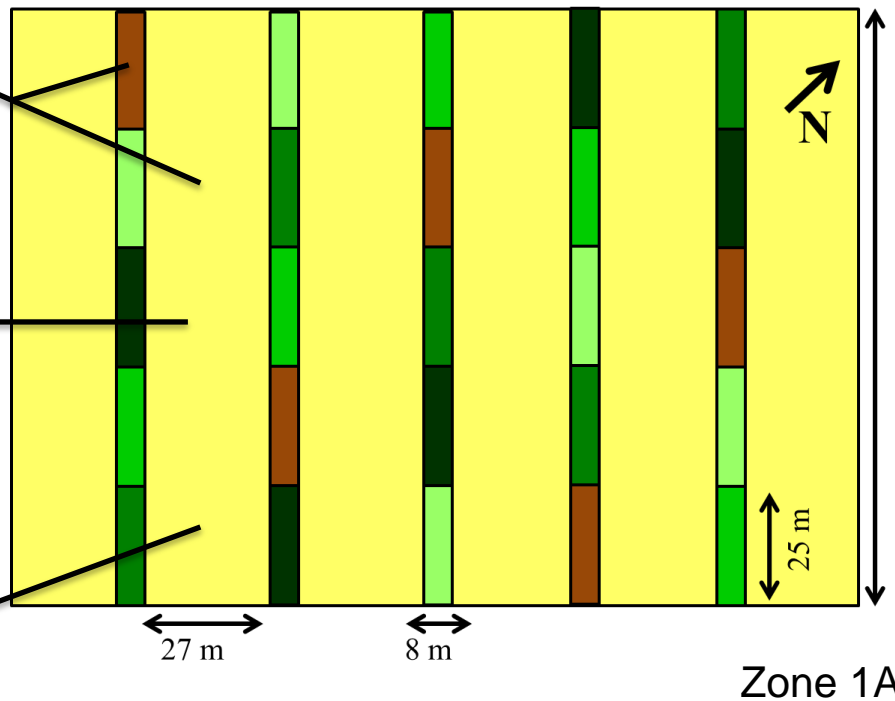


Insect observation to set food webs



Yield measurements

Experimental design



Functional diversity

- Control
- Very Low
- Low
- High
- Very High
- Crop (Wheat - Rapeseed)

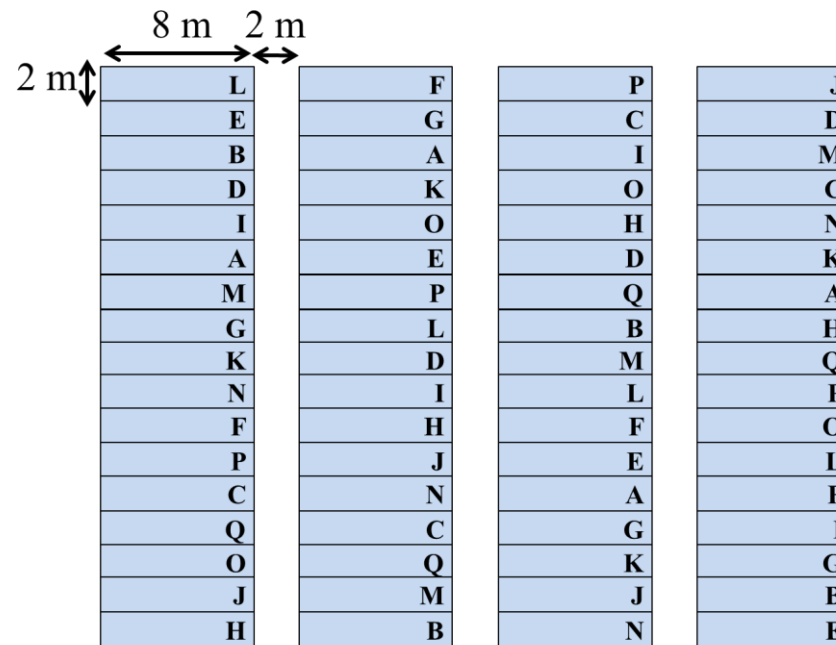


III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (5)

Supplementary question to explain observations done in mixes:

Are insects attracted by particular species or traits ?

Experimental design



Species used to set mixes

Achillea millefolium	A
Anthriscus sylvestris	B
Crepis biennis	C
Galium verum	D
Geranium pyrenaicum	E
Heracleum sphondylium	F
Hypochaeris radicata	G
Knautia arvensis	H
Leontodon hispidus	I
Leucanthemum vulgare	J
Lotus corniculatus	K
Lythrum salicaria	L
Malva moschata	M
Medicago lupulina	N
Origanum vulgare	O
Prunella vulgaris	P
Trifolium pratense	Q

Material & Methods



Sweep netting

Zone 1C

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (6)

About wildflower strips for pest control

Research question 1

How does functional diversity of flower mixes affect insect diversity, their trophic relations and thus pest control ?

Research question 2

How does mowing regime of flower mixes affect insect diversity?

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (7)

Mowing regime: what is it?

Frequency and season of cutting strips



Before mowing

Cutting...



...is a necessity to maintain
flower diversity¹⁰ ...

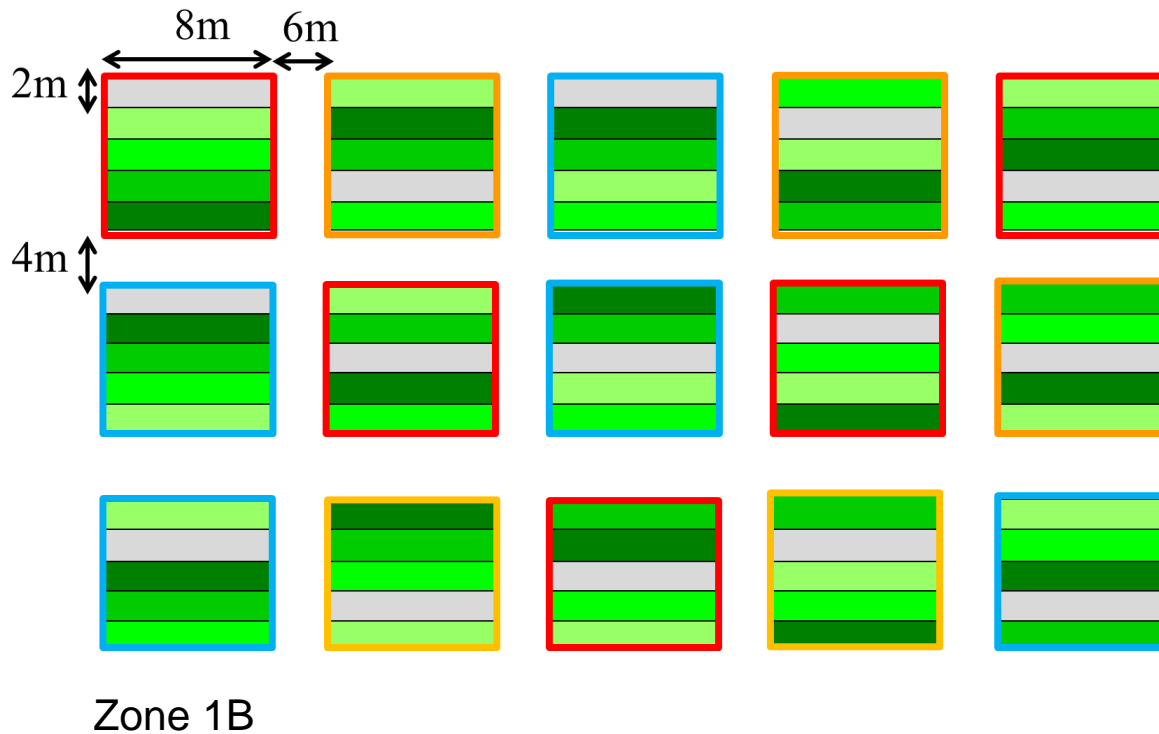


After mowing

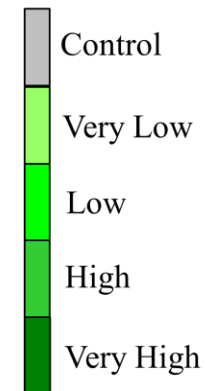
...but destroys food resource and habitat for insects¹⁰

III. How do functional diversity and mowing regime of strips affect biological pest control? (8)

Experimental design



Functional diversity



Mowing regime

- Summer & Autumn
- Autumn
- Summer

Summary



Goal: Enhance biological pest control



Wildflower strips



Very Low Low

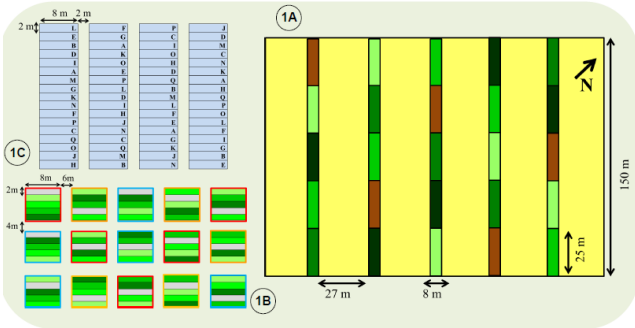
High Very High

Functional diversity?

Mowing regime?

A central box with a green border containing four diagrams of flower strips with different species and colors. Below the diagrams is a pair of scissors icon and the text 'Mowing regime?'. The text 'Functional diversity?' is positioned above the scissors.

Research questions



Experimental field



Insect trapping and observation

A photograph of a mature wheat field with golden stalks ready for harvest.

Efficiency of biological pest control?

A box with a green border containing a photograph of a wheat field and the text 'Efficiency of biological pest control?'.

Efficiency of biological pest control?

Cooperation & Partnerships



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Pollination service



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Grasshoppers and seeds as sources of lipid



Aman Paul

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Institute of Crop Protection

Pr. Julian Chen



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION !



References



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