Two year study of CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O dynamics and fluxes in four rivers in Belgium (Meuse, Ourthe, Geer and Blanc Gravier) Borges A.V.^{1,*}, F. Darchambeau¹, <u>J.-P. Descy</u>², and A. Beulen¹ ¹University of Liège (BE), ²University of Namur (BE)

Two rivers and two streams close to the city of Liège in Belgium (Meuse, Ourthe, Geer and Blanc Gravier) were sampled to describe the dynamics of CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O (for the first time in Belgium for freshwaters). The four systems were chosen to cover a gradient of size (stream to river) and of human influence (mainly forested to mainly agricultural watersheds). The study covers the period from February 2011 to March 2013 with weekly sampling in surface waters. The variables were very contrasted in the four systems, the Geer showing a strong enrichment in nitrogen NH_4^* et NO_2^-) and phosphorous in relation to the other three systems. The O_2 concentrations were much lower, and the concentration of CH_4 , N_2O and pCO_2 were much higher in the Geer than in other three systems. The concentrations in CH_4 , N_2O and pCO_2 were higher in the Ourthe than in the Blanc Gravier. Marked seasonal variations were observed in the 4 systems. In general the concentration of CH_4 , N_2O and pCO_2 were higher in summer than in winter. This is related on one hand to the increase of temperature in summer that stimulates bacterial activity. Also in summer, the availability of organic matter for bacterial activity is higher after the spring phytoplankton blooms and also from allochthnous inputs from the watersheds. The increase of temperature and bacterial consumption of O_2 in the water column. Also, the production of N_2 0 by denitrification strongly increases at low 02. During low water, be four systems were over-saturated in CQ_2 . CH_4 and N_2O in the water column. On the contrary during high water, duito an increase of current (increase of feesidence time of the water mass and the decrease of degasing) allow an accumulation of CQ_2 . CH_4 and N_2O in the water column. Also, the production of N_2O by denitrification strongly increases at low 02. During high water, duiton and increase of degasing) allow an accumulation of CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O in the water column. On the cont

