

Genetic analysis of longitudinal measurements of feed intake in Piétrain sire lines

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Background

- ❖ Feed efficiency (FE) is of major importance in pigs production because of large feeding cost
- ❖ Selection strategies to improve FE should allow a reduction of feed intake (FI) with growth rate at least constant

Objectives

- ❖ To estimate genetic parameters for longitudinal measurements of feed intake in a crossbred population of pigs
- ❖ To develop a genetic evaluation for FE of Piétrain boars

Data

- ❖ FI recorded every 15 days in test station between 2007 and 2012
- ❖ 4,095 records of cumulated FI
- ❖ 2,127 crossbred pigs Piétrain x Landrace K+
- ❖ 84 Piétrain boars with progeny recorded
- ❖ Standardization and pre-adjustment of data at 150 days of progeny-test due to variance heterogeneity

Conclusions

- ❖ Heritability of FI is moderate and tends to increase with age
- ❖ High FI at the beginning does not necessarily match with high FI at the end
- ❖ FI seems to be influenced by different genes during the growth period

Model

Random regression animal model

$$y = Xb + Za + Zp + Wl + e$$

y = observation of FI

b = fixed effects (sex and batch)

a = random additive genetic effect

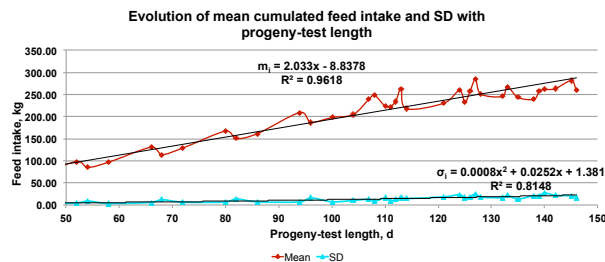
p = random permanent environment

l = random pen effect

e = residual

} Modeled with quadratic Legendre polynomials

Results



- ❖ Estimated mean and SD based on the smoothing curves

(x = day of test)

$$m_i = 2.033x - 8.8378$$

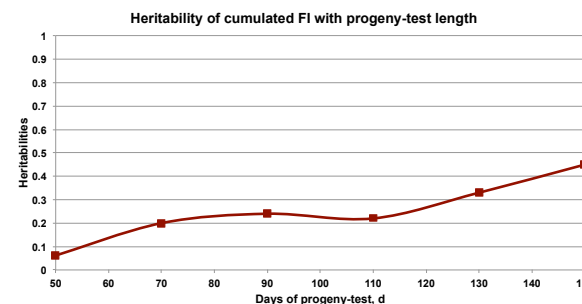
$$\sigma_i = 0.0008x^2 + 0.0252x + 1.381$$

- ➔ Standardized and pre-adjusted records:

$$y_{ij}^* = \frac{y_{ij} - m_i}{\sigma_i} \sigma_{150} + m_{150}$$

- ❖ h^2 increases between 50 and 150 days of progeny-test, from 0.06 to 0.45

- ❖ h^2 of FI between 50 and 150 days of test = 0.66



Days	70	90	110	130	150
50	0.76	0.54	0.25	-0.20	-0.65
70		0.96	0.82	0.49	0.01
90			0.95	0.72	0.28
110				0.90	0.57
130					0.87

- ❖ High genetic correlation between adjacent ages
- ❖ Decreasing genetic correlation with increasing age intervals
- ❖ Negative genetic correlations between the beginning and the end of the testing period ➔ border effect?